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PLANS FOR PUBLIC INAUGURAL STOPPED

Harding Urges Thrift And Economy As Worthy Example.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Abandonment immediately of all plans for a celebration in connection with the inauguration of President-elect Harding was announced tonight by E. B. McLean, chairman of the Washington Inaugural Committee, in accordance with the desires of Mr. Harding.

Mr. McLean upon receiving the request of the President-elect for abandonment of the celebration plans, issued the following statement:

"I realize of course, how keen will be the disappointment to the people of Washington, but I have all along known how President-elect Harding felt with respect to the expenditures of large sums of money at this time.

"Because of Mr. Harding's feeling I was always in doubt about the inaugural program being carried out. I feel that Senator Harding's friends and advisers, no matter how much they regret the loss to Washington, will be with him in this matter."

Announcement of the President-elect's decision came only a few hours after Congress thru action of the House completed enactment of a bill appropriating \$50,000 for expenses incident to the inauguration. As the measure has passed both houses of Congress, just what course congressional leaders will take in respect to it was in doubt tonight. In the usual course of procedure the bill would go to the White House tomorrow, but the suggestion was made tonight that Republican leaders in either the Senate or House might move to reconsider the vote of their body and withdraw the bill.

Disbanding of committees appointed by Chairman McLean, membership on which include hundreds of persons not only in Washington, but elsewhere, is expected to begin immediately. Upwards of \$200,000 had been pledged by Washington citizens and business men toward the expenses of the inaugural celebration.

Marion, O., Jan. 10.—In the interest of national thrift President-elect Harding tonight requested officials arranging for his inauguration to abandon all plans for an inaugural ceremony.

In a telegram to E. B. McLean, chairman of the inaugural committee at Washington, Mr. Harding declared he preferred to simply take the oath of office, deliver a brief address and then take up the duties of his office. He said it would make his position a very unhappy one if the outlay for an elaborate inauguration created the impression of extravagance.

At the same time the President-elect telegraphed Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, in charge of the congressional end of the plans, suggesting that the proposal to erect stands on the capitol grounds for the event be abandoned. This proposal has been the subject of heated debate in Congress, with some members severely objecting to use of public funds for such a purpose.

Mr. Harding's telegram to Mr. McLean follows:

"I beg respectfully to suggest to your committee the complete abandonment of all plans for an inaugural celebration.

"Heretofore I have been very reluctant to express my personal views to your committee, because I knew of the cherished regard in our national capitol for this quadrennial event, and the generosity of the citizens of the district in making provision for it. You were good enough to accept the chairmanship at my request and you and your associates have won my lasting gratitude for the time and labor you have given in preparation.

"However, if it is becoming to express my preference, I wish you and your committee to know that the impression of extravagant expenditure and excessive cost would make me a very unhappy participant. I know full well that the government outlay is relatively small, and that the larger expenditure comes from the generous contributions of District citizenship, but it is timely and wholesome to practice the utter denial of public expenditure where there is no real necessity, and it will be a whole-

some example of economy and thrift if we save the many, many thousands which the inaugural celebration will call from the private purse of those attending.

Message To Committee.

"I have sent a message of like purport to the congressional committee and expressed the wish that no preparations or outlay of any kind be made. It will be most pleasing to me to be simply sworn in, speak briefly my plight of faith to the country, and turn at once to the work which will be calling.

"Again expressing my gratitude to you and your associates and to the generous people of Washington, I am, Very respectfully,

WARREN G. HARDING.

The following message was sent to Senator Knox:

"I have been reluctant to intrude my views relating to inaugural plans, but I can no longer remain silent without embarrassment and misunderstanding which I had rather avoid. Please convey to your committee my sincere wish for the simplest inaugural program consistent with the actual requirements in taking the oath of office and the utterance of befitting address. I very respectfully request that Congress will not appropriate and your committee will not expend any fund whatever.

"I am familiar with the custom of erecting a platform and providing seats for guests who witness the ceremony at the capitol, but it will be most pleasing to me to have this ceremony take place within the capitol or on the east porch with its stately simplicity without a single extra preparation for the occasion. This will require no expense and we shall be joint participants in an example of economy as well as simplicity which may be helpful in the process of seeking our normal ways once more.

"I have addressed a message of like import to the inaugural committee asking the abandonment of the parade and ball and hope for an acceptance of the intruded suggestion in the spirit which has inspired it.

"WARREN G. HARDING."

The President-elect made his decision after conferences with several of his party leaders, to whom he expressed vigorously his repugnance to any show of extravagance. The need for national economy is one of which he has spoken many times publicly, and the criticism in Congress over proposed appropriations for the inauguration have made a deep impression on his mind.

Just how far Mr. Harding's action actually will curtail the ceremonies is uncertain. It is taken for granted that at least the inauguration ball, which disappeared from inaugural festivities at Woodrow's instance in 1913, will be one of the features to be definitely ruled out of the 1921 inauguration.

GOOD CITIZEN GONE.

Mr. Alfred J. Carter died at his home in East Hartford Monday, the 10th., of nephritis, after an illness of some months. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. M. G. Snell, at Concord Baptist Church Tuesday, after which the remains were given Masonic burial in the cemetery there.

Mr. Carter was one among Ohio County's best citizens, respected and honored by all who knew him. He was three months and three days beyond the four score mark in age, a member of Hartford Lodge No. 675, F. & A. M., having become a member of this lodge by demit from Hermitage Lodge No. 356 of Albion, Ill., from which place he came to Kentucky and Ohio County, some forty years ago. He was also an honored member of the Concord Baptist Church.

PROFITABLE HOGS

In April 1917 Mr. Luther Chapman purchased a heavy bone, duroc sow for breeding purposes. From that gilt and her descendants he has marketed \$2,854.43 worth of pork and hogs on foot. One gilt from the original sow, turned out for a brood sow and used for that purpose two years or more, he recently butchered and sold, which weighed, net, 634 pounds, bringing him \$88.76.

Mr. Chapman is a "stickler" for selecting the largest bone gilts for breeding purposes and it is his rule to give them as good care and attention as he does hogs he prepares for market, developing them to the limit and as he says, thereby improving the stock.

HERT TO GET DIXIE'S LONE CABINET PLUM

Harding Decides To Name Kentuckian For War Or Navy Post.

By Carter Field.

Washington Jan. 10.—A. T. Hert, of Kentucky, is certain to be in the Harding cabinet.

Mr. Harding himself gave this information to visitors in the last few days, who were urging the appointment of James A. Fowler, of Knoxville, Tenn., as attorney general. Mr. Fowler who was assistant attorney general, and later assistant to the attorney general served during the latter part of the Roosevelt administration and during the entire Taft administration.

Mr. Harding's idea, as described by visitors, was that he had already recognized the "Solid South" sufficiently in the decision to appoint Mr. Hert. The President-elect did not say to what post he would assign the Kentucky national committeeman, but it is thought that he will be assigned either to the war or navy departments and that ex-Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, will be given the other service portfolio.

Hinges on Weeks' Decision.

If Mr. Weeks persists in his disinclination to take the Navy, it is not unlikely that he will be given the War Department, and that Mr. Hert will be named as secretary of navy. Powerful support from the Senate Military Affairs Committee has been put behind Mr. Weeks for the War Department, while in the last few days prominent Republicans outside of the Senate have aided in the attempt to convince Mr. Harding that Weeks should be Baker's successor.

The definite decision by Mr. Harding to appoint Mr. Hert and his settlement of this decision as a reason why he should not appoint a man from Tennessee to the cabinet, punctures half a dozen other booms which boosters have been industriously inflating here and elsewhere. There is now very little ground for hoping that anyone from the territory south of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers except Mr. Hert will be in the cabinet.

One of the booms thus affected is that for ex-Senator Newell Sanders, of Tennessee. Mr. Sanders has been the backbone of the Republican organization in Tennessee for some years, and the fact that he had a talk with Harding when the President-elect came to Washington for the opening of Congress gave rise to considerable gossip that he would be put in the cabinet. This was given color by the fact that Tennessee was the only one of the old Confederate states which went for Harding.

Another of the booms pricked by the news brought back from Marion is of A. Bascom Slemp, leader of the House from Virginia and Republican National Committeeman.

John M. Moorehead, former member of the House from North Carolina, is another Southerner whose qualifications for cabinet honors were being boosted, but who is now eliminated.

There is no surprise here that Harding should be willing to give Mr. Hert anything the Kentuckian desired. Mr. Hert was friendly to Senator Harding's candidacy from the first though he was committed to Lowden. When it was seen during the last few days of the Chicago convention that Lowden could not be nominated Mr. Hert became tremendously important. The Wood people in the hopes that if a recess from Saturday until Monday could be obtained they could round up enough delegates during the interval to put Wood over, appealed to Mr. Hert to vote with them for an adjournment. This was during the lunch recess on Saturday.

But Mr. Hert lined up with the Harding forces and settled the fight. Opponents of Mr. Harding listened tensely when Kentucky was called on the roll, and with the great Harding demonstration which went up when Hert announced "Kentucky casts 26 votes for Harding" their hopes died. The fight was over.

We will sell you a new Wagon, complete 3-inch size for \$125.00 or shoe your horse for \$1.50.

A. B. ROW & SON, Centertown, Ky.

\$800,000 DAMAGE BY FIRE AT LEXINGTON

Heavy Loss Suffered By Department And Clothing Stores

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 11.—Loss from the fire which today destroyed the four-story building of the Wolf-Wile Company, department store, and badly damaged the building adjoining occupied by the Kaufman Clothing Company men's furnishings, may reach \$800,000 according to the statements tonight of managers of the two stores.

The stock of the department store, which was completely destroyed, was worth between \$250,000 and \$300,000, according to Dolph Wile, manager, and the building was valued at \$120,000, according to the Security Trust Company, executors of the estate of Joseph Clark, owners.

Loss to the stock of the Kaufman Clothing Company was between \$250,000 and \$300,000 according to Moses Kaufman.

Flames also damaged the five-story building of the J. D. Purcell Company, ladies' wear, to the extent of \$15,000, and the Peerless Store, on the east side of the Kaufman Company, the same amount, according to William Moses, the owner.

Origin of the fire is unknown. Starting shortly before 10 o'clock in the basement of the Wolf-Wile Company, it swept within a few minutes thru the elevator shaft to the roof. When the fire department arrived the flames were visible from the street. Although every piece of apparatus of the five stations was put to use, the blaze was not under control until late this afternoon.

No one was injured, the clerks of all the stores leaving soon after the blaze was discovered. Temporary headquarters of both the Wolf-Wile Company and the Kaufman Company were established in the Leader Building.

The burned and damaged buildings will be restored as soon as possible managers of both firms stated.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES

Inquiries concerning charges and terms for announcements have been made by several, and that all may be acquainted with our charges, will say that the following fees will be charged, payment in all cases, to be made when the announcement is received, in no case will we vary from the rule:

For Justice of the Peace and other district offices within the County, \$5.00; for all County offices other than County Court Clerk and Sheriff, \$10.00; for the latter two, County Court Clerk and Sheriff, \$12.50. For announcements of candidates for other positions rates will be given on application.

BODY OF DECEASED SOLDIER RETURNED

The remains of Jesse V. Crowe, with Company "A" 48th Engineers, U. S. Army in France, who died Sept. 20, 1918 of bronchial pneumonia was returned, arriving here Sunday, and conveyed to Adaburg where re-burial of the remains took place Monday. The deceased soldier was a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Crowe, of Beda, slightly more than 30 years of age at the time of his death and much respected by his associates in the home country.

The body of this soldier is the first of those to die in France, from Ohio County, to be exhumed and returned for re-burial.

MRS. DeMOSS DEAD.

Mrs. Zerlindie Slaton DeMoss died at her home near Hanson last Friday, at noon, of ailments incident to advanced age. Burial of the remains took place on the day following in the Cemetery at Providence Church, Hopkins County, near her home.

Mrs. DeMoss was 91 years old. She made a profession of faith in the Master and became a member of the M. E. Church at about the age of 12 years and lived a consistent member to the end.

She is survived by six children, one of whom is Mrs. S. T. Barnett, of Hartford. Mrs. DeMoss is also sur-

vived by 51 grandchildren and 40 great-grandchildren.

LADIES SEWING CIRCLE ELECTS NEW OFFICERS

At the meeting of the Ladies of the M. E. Church, held Wednesday, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Mrs. T. H. Black, President; Mrs. E. Crabtree, Vice-President and Mrs. Henry Carson, Secretary and Treasurer.

Among other business transacted the Society voted to pay out of its funds the sum of \$150.00 of the indebtedness on the parsonage, provided the male members of the church would clear up the remainder of the indebtedness, amounting to a like sum. It seems to be up to the men to get busy as we understand that there was a string to the Ladies' offer, that is, that the offer was a thirty-day limited one.

MRS. MARY T. EMBREY

Mrs. Mary T. Embrey died at her home in Cromwell, on the night of Jan. 6th of tubercular bowel affection. Burial of the remains took place on the day following at Green River, after funeral services conducted by Revs. R. B. Neel, of Morgantown, and Birch Shields, of Cromwell.

The deceased lady was 61 years, 5 months and 4 days of age. She was formerly a Miss Martin, daughter of the late W. N. Martin and a sister of former Sheriff R. B. Martin, and is survived by two children: Mrs. J. J. Jarnagin and Jasper N. Embrey.

JOHN V. BRITTON DEAD

Mr. John V. Britton died at his home in Salena, Cal., Sunday, of pleurisy. Mr. Britton had been ill only a short time prior to his death.

Mr. Britton was the husband of formerly Miss Birdie Nall, a Hartford lady, daughter of Mr. A. T. Nall, deceased, and Mrs. Nall. The latter, together with her daughter, Miss Zella Mae, and her son Henry, have been visiting the Brittons for some time.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS.

Cattle—Prices ruled generally steady with the first day of the week. Active demand for the prime light butchers. Medium and plainer kinds unchanged. Fairly good call for the best quality feeding and stocker cattle. Common stockers slow sale. Fairly good clearance noted.

Quotations: Prime heavy steers \$8.75; heavy shipping steers \$7.50 light steers \$5.50 @ 6.50; fat heifers \$6 @ 8; fat cows \$5.50 @ 6.50; medium cows \$4 @ 5.50; cutters \$3 @ 4; canners \$2.50 @ 3; bulls \$4.50 @ 6.50; feeders \$5.50 @ 8; stockers \$3.50 @ 6.50; choice milk cows \$5 @ 6.50; medium to good \$3 @ 3.50; common to medium \$2 @ 3.

Calves—Market steady with the best veals at \$13.50 @ 14; medium to good \$7 @ 11; common to medium \$3 @ 6.

Hogs—Prices advanced 25 @ 50c with a good active demand for the small supply of porkers. Best hogs 200 pounds and up sold at \$9.25; 90 to 200 pounds \$9.50; 90 pounds down \$8.25; throwouts \$7.50 down.

Sheep and Lambs—Trade unchanged. Best lambs ranged from \$7 @ 10; seconds \$4 @ 5; best fat sheep \$3 down; bucks \$2 down.

Produce.

Local produce dealers quote buying prices as follows, net to shipper the shipper paying freight and drayage charges.

Eggs—55c dozen. Butter—Country 15c pound. Poultry—Hens 18 @ 22c lb.; large spring chickens 20 @ 22c lb.; small 22 @ 24c lb.; old roosters 12 @ 13c lb.; young ducks 24c lb.; No. 1 turkeys 26c lb.; geese 18 @ 20c lb.; guineas 30 cents each, young guineas 50c.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

G. E. Nanney, Prentiss, to Violet May Carden, Prentiss. J. C. McFerran, Fordsville, to Sadie Eskridge, Fordsville. Alden Smith, Martwick, to Florence Whitworth, McHenry. L. B. Crowder, Rosine, to Donnie Balze, Beaver Dam.

ILLINOIS G. O. P. WILL BE LOYAL

Chicago Mayor Visits President-elect And Pledges Support.

Marion, O., Jan. 11.—President-elect Harding's cabinet selections now hinge upon so many uncertain elements that some of his confidants believe he may postpone the announcement of all but one appointment until just before inauguration.

The one place regarded as most likely to be scratched off the doubtful list in the near future is that of secretary of state, for which Charles Evans Hughes, of New York, still is said to be uppermost in Mr. Harding's mind. It is understood, however, that no definite word has reached here that Mr. Hughes will accept, and so that appointment, too, may be delayed.

Regarding all the other portfolios in the cabinet the President-elect still is collecting opinions and is receiving all sorts of counsel. Two of the appointments which he is said to have seriously considered announcing early in the new year, those of secretary of the treasury and secretary of agriculture, were involved in conferences he held today.

Thompson in Conference.

Mayor William Hale Thompson, of Chicago, who has been quoted as vigorously opposing the suggested appointment of Charles G. Dawes, of that city, as secretary of the treasury, was one of those who talked cabinet with Mr. Harding during the day. Afterwards Mr. Thompson would mention no names and said the cabinet talk had been more or less general.

The Chicago mayor declared he had come to Marion primarily to tender what aid he could to the President-elect. He said there had been only passing mention of the Illinois political situation, in which he has been a storm center, and that he had assured Mr. Harding that local factional differences would not be permitted to affect the loyalty of Illinois Republicans to the administration.

Discusses Association.

With Dr. Jacob Gould Schurmann, former president of Cornell University, Mr. Harding talked over at length his plan for an association of nations. Confidence that it would prove of practical value was expressed by Dr. Schurmann, who said he believed no one had so correctly interpreted the aspirations of the American people as had the President-elect.

Another caller today was R. B. Creager, of Brownsville, Tex. Mr. Creager brought from the border an encouraging picture of Mexican affairs declaring President Oregon seemed in a fair way to re-establish stability thruout the southern republic.

The Mexican situation is being watched closely by President-elect Harding and some of those in his confidence believe a recognition of the new Mexican government may be one of his first acts as President.

ULYS PITTMAN IN FOR HOUSE BREAKING

Ulysses Pittman, a boy claiming to be only 16 years of age was arrested, brought to Hartford and lodged in jail Tuesday, charged with breaking into the postoffice at Rosine. It is said that the building has been entered several times recently and Monday night watch was kept and Pittman caught.

The Pittman boy, since being brought here has made an affidavit that young Nathan Monroe also of Rosine, was an accomplice and a warrant has been issued for his arrest.

MRS. ANNIE M. DANIEL

Mrs. Annie M. Daniel died at her home near Olaton, Jan. 5, after an illness of eight days of pneumonia. Burial of the remains took place on the day following at Old Salem Cemetery.

Mrs. Daniel was born Dec. 5, 1850, being slightly beyond the age of 70 years. Besides her husband Mr. Stephen Daniel, she is survived by four sons: J. P. of Island; B. C. and Ethel, of Olaton and Ira Daniel, of Louisville.

FREE DEBS WITHOUT PARDON

Recommendation Of Attorney General To Be Made To President

Washington, Jan. 8.—Release from confinement but with a pardon withheld will be the recommendation made by the attorney general in the case of Eugene V. Debs, the Socialist leader, serving a ten-year sentence at Atlanta for violation of the espionage laws. It was learned today from an authoritative source.

Such recommendation, if favorably acted upon by President Wilson, as generally expected before March 4, will not restore the civil rights of Mr. Debs. With the revival of the story concerning the President's willingness to release the Socialist leader, it was learned that action presumably would have been taken before except for the fact that the White House had the impression that Debs was an "unrepentant prisoner."

According to the latest information in the case, the Atlanta warden has furnished a very favorable report on the prisoner's conduct and general attitude and such report rests now with Pardon Attorney Turner, of the Department of Justice.

Mr. Turner denied today that he had yet made any recommendations to the attorney general in the matter and Department of Justice officials added the statement that special consideration would not be given Mr. Debs over the other espionage cases awaiting recommendation.

"The attorney general has emphatically given orders that Mr. Debs should not be taken out of the general order of petitions for clemency," some high official stated. "If a pardon or curtailment of the sentence is ordered," he added, "it will be based upon the general rules of application in all the cases and not as the result of any pressure from committees or the pleas of anybody."

With the intimations received that a pardon and the restitution of civil rights would likely be withheld from Mr. Debs, it became known that the efforts of his friends have been making in his behalf now will be redoubled to secure a full pardon.

LAST CHAPTER OF BRAZIL'S HISTORY AS EMPIRE WRITTEN

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 8.—The last chapter of Brazil's history as an empire was written today with the arrival from Portugal aboard the Brazilian battleship Sao Paulo, of the bodies of former Emperor Dom Pedro II, and Empress Thereza Christina, who were exiled on the birth of the republic in 1889.

Accompanying the bodies were Baron Muatiba, the former emperor's secretary, Count Deu, husband of former Princess Isabel, and his son, Prince Pedro de Braganza. All of them are returning to Brazil for the first time in thirty-one years.

Isabel, who as regent, signed the decree freeing the slaves one year before the family was exiled, was unable to come, as she is suffering from bad health.

Pedro II, was born December 2, 1825, became emperor of Brazil on the abdication of his father, Pedro I, in 1831.

Under the long reign of Dom Pedro II, progress and material prosperity made steady advancement in Brazil. While outbreaks occurred occasionally, none of them was of a very serious nature, excepting in Rio Grande do Sul, where a long guerrilla warfare, was carried on against the imperial authority. Dom Pedro, a highly educated man, devoted a large portion of his time toward furthering the cause of education in his country.

About 1880 after the spread of Socialist doctrines, a desire for a change in government became evident. At first there was no personal animosity against the emperor, but this state of things gradually changed.

When Dom Pedro left Brazil late in the eighties for a tour thru Europe and the United States, he appointed Princess Isabel, his eldest daughter, to act as regent. She showed herself so swayed in political questions by church influence that liberal feeling became more and more aristocratic.

Another incident which strengthened the opposition was the sudden abolition by the princess of slavery without compensation to slave owners.

Toward the close of 1888 the emperor returned, being received with every demonstration of affection and esteem by the populace. Even among the advocates of republicanism there was no intention of deposing Dom Pedro excepting a few extreme members of the party, who apparently soon gained the upper hand. They

argued that it would be much more difficult to carry out a successful coup d'etat when the emperor had been succeeded by his daughter. Discontented army and navy officers rallied to this idea and a conspiracy was organized to depose the emperor and declare a republic.

On November 14, 1889, the palace was quietly surrounded, and on the following morning the emperor and his family were placed on board ship and sent to Portugal. A provisional government was then formed and a proclamation issued that the country would henceforth be known as the United States of Brazil and that in due time a republican constitution would be framed.

Dom Pedro II died at Paris, December 5, 1891.

DAVIS INAUGURATED AS OHIO GOVERNOR

Columbus, O., Jan. 10.—Harry L. Davis, Republican, former mayor of Cleveland, was inaugurated the forty-fifth governor of Ohio today. His first official act, upon coming into office was to accept the resignation from the United States Senate of President-elect Harding and appoint Senator-elect Frank B. Willis, Republican, to fill the unexpired term. The first complete Republican administration since the regime of Myron T. Herrick as governor went into office with Governor Davis. In his inaugural address Governor Davis pledged his administration to carry out Republican campaign promises and put the state government on a business basis.

AUTO OF BANDITS RIDDLED BY POLICE

Foiled In Attempt to Loot Bank Of Columbia, Yeggmen Escaped Capture.

(Louisville Times.)
Columbia, Ky., Jan. 10.—Yeggmen with nitroglycerin, modern burglar tools and an automobile failed in an attempt to rob the Bank of Columbia shortly after midnight this morning, where Frank and Jesse James and Cole Younger, on horseback and with revolvers, staged a successful hold-up April 29, 1872, after killing R. A. C. Martin, cashier.

The yeggmen took prisoner Pete Garvin, rural route mail carrier, as he arrived in town just after midnight, locking him in a back room. The burglars had blown the combination knob off the first vault door and were in the vestibule when a crowd of late card players, noticing the guard outside the door, gave the alarm.

The yeggmen were pursued toward Lebanon, at which town the police, armed with pump guns, riddled the machine with bullets after it had failed to stop when ordered. After leaving Lebanon all trace of the bank robbers was lost, none of the surrounding towns having seen them, although all were notified.

Search Is Instituted.
In the belief that one or more of the four or five men in the machine were wounded, the authorities of Marion County are making a search in unfrequented districts.

The bandits were in a Ford touring car with the curtains up. When they arrived in Columbia they stopped in front of the Christian Church. About the same time Garvin arrived on the public square in his machine, carrying in mail from Campbellsville. At the point of a gun he was taken into the bank and a man assigned to guard him. Cashier John W. Flowers said that they got no farther than the first door when they were seen. In their hurried departure they left behind all their tools.

Campbellsville and Lebanon police immediately were notified. The alarm came late at Campbellsville, but Capt. N. H. Wilkinson, night chief of Lebanon police, with Harry Stoy and Walter Phillips, lay in wait with two pump guns and a revolver at Fourth and Main Streets, Lebanon.

Road To Louisville Blocked.
At 3:10 o'clock the car with the bank robbers approached. Capt. Wilkinson stepped into full view and ordered it to stop. The answer of the driver was to turn on more gas.

The three men fired thirteen shots through the curtains and tonneau, but failed to stop the machine. The police, however prevented the machine from making the turn toward Louisville. The bandits left over the Short Line Road Captain Wilson said, but could have cut over to Springfield or could have gone to Perryville. These towns were notified immediately by the Lebanon operator, but nothing was seen of the machine. Bardstown officers lay in wait until nearly dawn, but there was no sign of the machine.

SOME ENLARGEMENT.

Each separate photograph on a motion picture film is under one square inch in size. This means that when the picture is thrown on the screen, 20x22 feet in size. It is magnified more than 63,000 times.

COAL BARONS HIT FARMERS PROTECTED

Congress In Constructive Programs, Millions Saved In Bill

(By Snell Smith.)

Washington, Jan. — With its accustomed celerity the Republican Congress has continued to prove its determination to waste no time in talk, but meet every need of the country as quickly as it may arise. Thus in the last few days it has—

Passed in the House an emergency tariff bill for the benefit of the farmers of the entire country, so that their crops may be freed from foreign competition.

Investigated in the Senate the reasons for profiteering in coal, with a view to bringing about an immediate drop.

Reduced expenditures by saving the taxpayers \$420,000,000 in the sundry civil appropriation bill alone.

The tariff benefit meted out to the farmers are included in a bill reported by Representative Forney, chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, which for ten months places upon foreign staples that might bring competition the following duties:

List of Farm Benefits.
Wheat, 30 cents per bushel.
Wheat flour, 20 cents ad valorem.
Corn, 15 cents per bushel.
Beans, 2 cents per pound.
Peanuts, 3 cents per pound.
Potatoes, 25 cents per bushel.
Onions, 40 cents per bushel.
Rice, 2 cents per pound.
Lemons, 1 1/4 cents per pound.
Cottonseed, coconut and soya oils, 20 cents per gallon.
Cattle, 30 per cent ad valorem.
Sheep, \$2 per head.
Fresh mutton and lamb 2 1/2 cents per pound.
Unwashed wool 15 cents per pound.
Washed wool, 30 cents per pound.

Sheep Growers Stung.
"Sheep growing," said Forney, "is one of the most important industries we have. Before the war our production of wool was 300,000,000 pounds annually, while our annual consumption was 500,000,000 pounds. During the war we learned the lesson that many of the things used in this country should be entirely produced here, wool among them. Ninety per cent of all the sheep on the western ranges are mortgaged for \$9 per head—more money than the sheep will sell on the market for. Ninety per cent of the cattle on the western ranges are mortgaged for \$45 per head—more money than they will sell for. A statement was made of a shipment to the Chicago stockyards where, after paying the freight, discount, allowances and commission, the farmer received 33 cents net out of the price of \$2.10 delivered. A day or two ago I ordered lamb chops at a restaurant. I received two, containing two mouthfuls in each, and paid 65 cents for them—twice as much as was received by the farmer for the entire sheep."

Protection Is For All.
Democrats in the House set up the old contention that protection means high prices. They were answered by the Republican statement that the lack of protection means idle industries, unemployment and lack of money to pay for either labor or goods. Representative Rainey, of Illinois, ranking Democrat on the Ways and Means Committee, recalled the controversy over the passage of the Payne-Aldrich law. He did not refer to the promises of price reduction which brought on Republican defeat, or that prices are now three times what they were when he and his fellow Democrats in the House promised to bring them down.

It was also pointed out by the Democrats that our allies in the war would be unable to pay the \$10,000,000,000 they owe us unless we permitted them to find a ready market for their goods here. To this "Nick" Longworth of Ohio, retorted that he would sacrifice every cent of that sum rather than sacrifice our industrial independence. The Republican majority took the view that it was much better that the farmers of the nation be protected in their prosperity rather than that Europe be looked after first.

The tariff measure, now bitterly fought in the Senate by the Democrats there, passed the House by an overwhelming majority and is in line with the Republican effort to assist the farmers in marketing their products abroad by a revival of the War Finance Board. Representative James R. Mann, of Chicago, sums it up this way:

"We have the goods. The people of Europe have the want. They desire our goods, but they can purchase them only by payment in cash, by credit, or by exchange. They cannot pay the cash. They cannot give us

in exchange sufficient in the way of goods to enable us to purchase the products which we desire to sell to them. They can obtain from us the goods which we wish to sell and which they wish to buy only on credit, but the individuals in our country or the corporation seeking to make the sales to Europe cannot themselves carry credit lines sufficient to enable them to proceed with sales without taking all of the ready cash. The only way in which we can furnish sufficient credit to the people in Europe to make the purchase from us is by having the investing public in America take up these lines of credit and carry them. If the War Finance Board can loan money to the people making the exports to Europe and then in turn issue their bonds and the American investing public will purchase these bonds, that credit is furnished."

Cities Helped Also.
So, then, with the enactment of these two measures the Republicans have rendered immediate relief to the farmers of the country and indirectly to all the consumers of the country, for if the farmers are so hurt by falling prices that they cannot buy, then the industrial centers will lose one-half of their market. And, vice versa, if the industrial centers face inaction and unemployment through foreign competition, the farm market will be somewhat diminished. So the Republican party has sought to maintain the purchasing power of the cities by shutting off immigration for a period of one year, and will do so further by the enactment of a protective tariff at the special session of Congress to be called by President Harding in March. It is anticipated that the Republicans will waste no more time over the tariff bill than they have over the important constructive measures adopted during the past three weeks. It is believed here that the new tariff laws will be on the statute books by June.

No time is wasted in getting important measures thru. Thus the pension bill was passed in a day. On the floor it was in charge of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, who has received an ovation on the attainment by him at the age of 85 of the distinction of having served longer in Congress than any other man in the history of the country—more than 43 years. Democrats and Republicans alike joined in praise of him. If he serves thru his present term, which his present health would indicate he will, it will have been just fifty years since he entered the House, in March, 1873. He helps to keep young by dining every evening at the Press Club and invariably indulging in a few games of dominoes with the "boys" there. He carries his cigar at the same angle and often sits at the domino table with his hat cocked on the back of his head, and in his shirt sleeves, with his coat over the back of his chair. In explanation of the pension bill, "Uncle Joe" said:

"Uncle Joe" On Pensions.
"This bill calls for appropriations amounting to \$265,000,000 a reduction of \$14,000,000 from the appropriations of the present year. The decrease is not an item of economy for which the committee claims any cred-



"THE FORD TOURING CAR"

Here is the greatest car in all the world. Great because there is more of it in use than of any other car in the world. Great because that in our demand for a million and a quarter Ford cars this year fully 50 per cent of that demand is for the Touring Car. Surely every Ford touring car is a car of great service. You see it wherever you go, day or night, shine or rain, summer or winter—the ever-faithful Ford Touring Car is delivering service and satisfaction, pleasure and economy, in a larger measure than falls to the lot of any other one piece of mechanism in the world.

We can now deliver Ford cars to you with reasonable promptness. Leave your orders without delay, if you would be wise. The prudent man carries his umbrella when it is dry, because any fool can carry one when it rains!

Never forget that right hand to every Ford Touring Car is that ever-dependable and universal "Ford After-Service." Here we are, with the genuine made Ford parts, Ford mechanics, and Ford equipment, to give service to Ford cars instantly, so that your car is never out of commission.

BEAVER DAM AUTO COMPANY BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY

It is due to the decrease in the number of pensioners. Death has taken 35,000 of the Veterans of the Civil War in the last year and more than 120,000 in the last five years. The committee has no pride in presenting this decreased appropriation for pensions. It is still a large appropriation, but it represents one of the most sacred obligations of the government—one we could not ignore if we would and one we would not ignore if we could.

"It represents the debt of gratitude the people owe to their defenders, and they will willingly pay that obligation, now as in the past, and in the future as in the present. This bill does not represent the full extent of our obligations to the defenders of the nation. It carries the pensions for those who were in wars prior to the World War. But a small number of men engaged in the war with Germany are cared for in this bill. The obligation to the millions who were enrolled in the army and navy in that war will be met by other appropriation bills, for compensation for death and disability, for medical and hospital services, for vocational education, for maintenance of soldiers' homes, and for administration of these agencies. These appropriations will be larger than those in this bill, and the total appropriations to meet the obligations to the defenders of the country will amount to \$575,485,490. It is a large amount this Congress is called upon to appropriate to care for the men who surrendered their places and opportunities in civil life to sacrifice health and life for the common welfare, but we cannot and dare not talk of economy in meeting such an obligation."

Coal Robbery Rife.
Senator Calder, of New York, as chairman of the Housing Committee, has shown that Col. Wentz, president of the National Coal Association, was invited by the War Department to purchase for them not exceeding 275,000 tons of coal and merely for acting as agent of the War Department he was to be paid \$137,000. The evidence before the committee indicated that he had already procured for the government, while acting as its agent, 150,000 tons of coal, involving a commission of \$75,000. Col. Wentz's mine in West Virginia, the Stone Mine, was selling coal at \$3.50 per ton, and while acting for the government he sold coal to the War Department at \$11 a ton. "I inquired," said Senator Calder, "of Col. Wentz if he sold any of his \$3.50 coal to the government. He said he did not, but he sold other people's coal to the government at \$11 a ton, out of which he made a profit of 50 cents per ton. The American people would never agree that a transaction was perfectly legitimate whereby a coal operator who sold coal for \$3.50 a ton to his private customers should, while representing the government, obtain coal for it at \$11 a ton."

Justice Department Asleep.
"I know that there has been some activity on the part of the Department of Justice," the Senator went on, "but not in my judgment as great as could easily have been. I believe there is plenty of evidence obtainable that would have warranted the De-

partment of Justice in prosecuting, under the Lever act, some of the men interested in the coal business in this country. I know of some suits that have been begun, but I know of none that has terminated successfully."

Interstate Commerce Commissioner Aitchison, was asked by Senator Calder if coal was being held for higher prices or speculation. He answered: "I have no doubt of it. There has been the greatest crossing of orders, double crossing of orders, and double crossing of consignees and those that have had contracts during the past ninety days that I have ever known about in my business experience."

Riddick Aids Homesteaders.
Because of the conditions everywhere in the country, for which the Republican party is finding remedy, Representative Carl W. Riddick, of Montana, one of the few real "dirt farmers" of the House, has introduced a bill providing that any homestead settler or entryman who, during the calendar year 1921 finds it necessary to leave his homestead to seek employment in order to obtain food and other necessities of life for himself, family and work stock because of great and serious drought conditions, causing total or partial failure of crops may, upon filing with the register and receiver proof of such conditions in the form of a corroborated affidavit, be excused from residence upon his homestead during all or part of 1921 and in the making of final proof shall be construed as maintaining constructive residence on his homestead.

To The Dyspeptic.
Would you not like to feel that your stomach troubles are over, that you can eat any kind of food that you crave? Consider then the fact that Chamberlain's Tablets have cured others—why not you. There are many who have been restored to health by taking these tablets and can now eat any kind of food that they crave.

"ELECTION" FEBRUARY 9.

Washington, Jan. 8.—While Warren G. Harding and Calvin Coolidge were chosen for President and Vice President of the United States in the November general elections, they have not yet been officially elected, and will not be until February 9.

Two important steps remain to be taken to complete their election. One, the meeting of the electoral college, takes place Monday, while the final step will be taken on Wednesday, February 9, at a joint meeting of the Senate and House of Representatives when the certificates of the vote of each state are opened in the presence of the entire Congress and duly counted.

At the conclusion of this ceremony Vice President Marshall will officially declare Mr. Harding and Mr. Coolidge to have been elected.

Heartburn, indigestion or distress of the stomach is instantly relieved by Herbine. It forces the badly digested food out of the body and restores tone in the stomach and bowels. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

93 PER CENT OF TAXES FOR WAR Government Bills For 1920 Aids Limitation Of Armaments

(Louisville Herald.)

Washington, Jan. 8.—Proposals looking toward a limitation of armaments are finding growing support in congress.

For congressmen see that pledges for a reduction of expenditures and taxation can not be met if heavy appropriations for army and navy are approved.

It jolted Congress to find that only 7 cents out of each dollar needed to pay the government's bill in 1920 went for all civil expenditures.

This has been shown by a scientific analysis made by Dr. Edward B. Rosa, chief physicist of the Bureau of Standards. Rosa's study covered the period from 1910 to 1920.

Cost of Earlier Wars.

Excluding World War costs, it is shown that for the period the civil expenditures of the government amounted to about \$1 out of \$3, the other \$2 being consumed by normal appropriations for army and navy, pensions and other expenses due to previous wars.

For 1920, however, out of \$5,686,005,705 appropriated, only \$181,987,225.41 went for administration of civil matters. This amounts to 3.19 per cent of the total.

For public works including river and harbor appropriations, reclamation, Alaskan railroads, public buildings, Panama Canal, etc., \$168,203,557.46 or 2.97 per cent was spent.

For research, educational and developmental activities of the government, barely 1 per cent or \$57,093,660, was used.

The remaining 92.83 per cent, or \$4,279,621.17 was eaten up by the hang-over charges from past wars and the cost of maintaining a great army and navy.

Rosa urged a wise expenditure in certain lines of research and development will do much more for war preparedness than immense sums spent directly on the army and navy, and at the same time will promote peace time advancement and prosperity.

"The World War" he says, "demonstrated that modern wars are not armies, but of peoples. Their intellectual and industrial resourcefulness are more important than the initial equipment of armies and fleets."

"Therefore a government which pays much attention to education, research and industrial development work, is making the best preparation for possible wars."

"By increasing the power and prestige of the nation, such preparation tends to prevent war and so pays for itself twice over."

Pleurisy pains are located just below the short ribs. Lumbago affects the same region but toward the back. Ballard's Snow Liniment is the remedy in either case. If rubbed in thoroughly it eases pain, relaxes the muscles and the patient can move about freely and comfortably. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

PROCLAMATION

State of Kentucky, Executive Department, office of the Governor, Frankfort.

Whereas the 17th day of January marks the day of the birth of Benjamin Franklin, who, by precept and example, became America's Apostle of Thrift, and

Whereas the Young Men's Christian Association, with the support and co-operation of the Treasury Department of the United States and many commercial, civic and educational organizations, has set apart Benjamin Franklin's birthday as National Thrift day and has planned for the observance of this week January 17 to 23 as National Thrift Week, designed to stimulate the individual to think straight and act wisely in regard to money matters in the realms of earning, spending, saving, investing, and giving, and

Whereas it behooves every citizen to take serious thought to lessen extravagance and waste in order to strengthen the character of our citizenship and that there may be built up a more staid, prosperous, and truly American population, and

Whereas the economic educational program of National Thrift Week is well devised to foster these desirable conditions by increasing the knowledge and practice of a broad conception of thrift—a thrift, not only economic but also social, educational, physical, and religious

Now, therefore, I, Edwin P. Morrow, Governor of the State of Kentucky, by virtue of the authority vested in me, hereby designate the week of January 17 to 23, inclusive, as National Thrift Week, and do earnestly

recommend to all officers of this state, the mayors, the county officials, superintendents and teachers of our public schools, ministers and priests of our churches, and upon each and every citizen, business establishment, industrial plants, trade, civic or other organizations, and all employees or members thereof to exert every effort, individually and thru their local Thrift Committees, to make National Thrift Week a period of constructive thought and action and of economic planning for everyone within their several communities.

Given under my hand, this the 8th day of the month of January, in the year of our Lord 1921.

Edwin P. Morrow, Governor.

EDWIN P. MORROW,

Governor.

The Best Cough Medicine.

When a druggist finds that his customers all speak well of a certain preparation, he forms a good opinion of it and when in need of such a medicine is almost certain to use it himself and in his family. This is why so many druggists use and recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. J. B. Jones, a well known druggist of Cubrun, Ky., says, "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for the past seven years, and have found it to be the best cough medicine I have ever known."

SOCIALIST DESERTER ADVISES "HOT LEAD"

Davenport, La., Jan. 8.—Mayor O. L. Barewald, who recently resigned from the Socialist party, today issued an order to the police to rid the town of radicals and to use riot guns if necessary.

"Load up the riot guns for immediate use and give them a reception with hot lead" was the mayor's order to the chief.

"We don't want any 'reds' here and we will go the limit to keep them out."

DO YOU CATCH COLD EASILY?

Your Vitality Is Low—Resistance Weak.

YOU NEED PEPTO-MANGAN

Rich, Red Blood Will Strengthen You and Put You On Your Feet Able To Resist Cold.

Your system normally healthy should never catch cold. Your body is adjusted to take care of sudden changes in the weather.

It is when you are run down and your vitality is low that your body cannot adjust itself. Then you take cold.

If you keep your blood in good condition, with plenty of red corpuscles, you will be strong and your body will easily adjust itself to sudden changes. You will throw off the cold germs that go flying into the air when someone with a cold sneezes.

Red-blooded men, women and children eat well. They have plenty of energy. They go along with a smile because they feel right.

Try Pepto-Mangan, the successful tonic. It is a wonderful blood builder. Take it for awhile till you feel right.

Pepto-Mangan is widely and heartily endorsed by physicians. It is effective and easy to take. It is prepared in both liquid and tablet form. The medicinal properties are the same.

Sold at any drug store. But be sure you get the genuine Pepto-Mangan—"Gude's". Ask for it by name, and be sure the full name, "Gude's" Pepto-Mangan is on the package. —Advertisement.

TO TEST CAPTAIN'S LIQUOR PRIVILEGES

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 8.—A suit which will contest the right of the United States Customs Service to fine ship masters who may have liquor on board their ships not declared on the vessels' manifests, will be started in the near future, according to an announcement made by government officials.

The case will be that of Capt. John Alwen, master of the United States Shipping Board steamer Endicott, which arrived in November from the Orient. On this particular arrival Captain Alwen failed to list forty-five quarts of liquor found on the vessel and he has refused to pay the fine assessed against him by the customs officials.

Now, therefore, I, Edwin P. Morrow, Governor of the State of Kentucky, by virtue of the authority vested in me, hereby designate the week of January 17 to 23, inclusive, as National Thrift Week, and do earnestly

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the

Signature of

Wm. D. Gifford

PROGRAM

Of The Ninth Annual Farm and Home Convention, College of Agriculture, University of Ky., At Lexington, Feb. 1, 2, 3, 4.

Tuesday, February 1.

9 A. M.—Agr. Bldg. Farm Poultry Houses—J. H. Bardley.

Production of High Grade Tobacco—E. J. Kinney.

Grape Growing for the home, town, and country—C. W. Matthews.

Pavilion, Some Principles of Livestock Feeding—E. S. Good.

10 A. M. Agr. Bldg. Some Marketing Problems—O. B. Jesness.

Some Important Items in Farm Management for 1920—W. D. Nicholas.

Pavilion, Liming the Soil—P. E. Karraker.

Mixing and Handling Concrete on the Farm—W. G. Kaiser, Portland Cement Company.

11 A. M., Chapel. Greetings from Pres. F. L. McVey.

1:30 P. M., Pavilion. Meeting of the Kentucky Sheep Breeders' Association.

The Pure Fabric Law and the Marketing of Wool—Prof. W. C. Coffey, University of Ill.

Judging Sheep and a demonstration in killing and dressing—L. J. Horiacher, E. J. Wilford.

Better Sheep for Kentucky—R. C. Miller.

TRACTOR SCHOOL

9 A. M., Pavilion—General construction of a gas engine.

10 A. M. Laboratory—Tractor Operation.

11 A. M., Chapel—Greetings from President F. L. McVey.

1:30 P. M. Pavilion—The Four Cylinder Motor, Construction of Valves, Cam Shaft and Timing Gears.

2:30 P. M. Laboratory—Setting the Valves on a Tractor.

Special Session for Women Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1921.

9:30 A. M. Little Theatre: Demonstration in Easy Method of Making Patterns—Miss Helen A. Harriman, formerly associated with Mrs. Reed in clothing work, now Extension Field Agent in Clothing in Kentucky.

11 A. M., Chapel: Greetings from Pres. F. L. McVey.

2 P. M., Little Theatre: Musical Prelude—Prof. Lampert.

2:30 P. M. Little Theatre: How to grow Simple Flowers—Prof. Olney, Horticultural Department.

3:00 P. M. Little Theatre: Attractive Flower Containers and Their Use—Miss Maybell Cornell.

3:30 P. M. Little Theatre: A. B. C. of Nutrition—Dr. Mary Schwartz Rose, Columbia University.

Wednesday, February 2.

9 A. M., Agr. Building—A Breeding Program for Farm Poultry, J. H. Martin. A Meeting of the Kentucky State Horticulture Society.

Pavilion—The value of Improved Livestock on the Farm, W. S. Anderson. Selection of Seed Corn for Resistance to Diseases, W. D. Valleau.

10 A. M. Agr. Bldg.—Cooperative Marketing, O. B. Jesness. Forms of Phosphate and their Use, S. C. Jones.

Pavilion—The Problem of Farm Prices, C. B. Williams. How to Use Concrete to Improve Sanitary Conditions on the Farm, W. G. Kaiser.

11 A. M., Chapel—Land Values, Dr. L. C. Gray, Office Farm Mngt. Vashington, D. C.

1:30 P. M. Pavilion—Meeting of the Kentucky Beef Cattle Breeders' Association. Beef Cattle Carcass Judging Demonstration, John Gosling, Kansas City, Mo., E. J. Wilford.

Address—W. C. Hanna, Com'r. of Agriculture.

9 A. M., Pavilion—Tractor Lubrication.

10 A. M. Laboratory—Study of Tractor Lubricating Systems.

11 A. M.—Chapel.

1:30 P. M. Pavilion—Fuels and Carburetion.

2:30 P. M. Laboratory—Study of Carburetors, Construction and Adjustment.

Kentucky State Horticultural Society. Wednesday, Feb. 2, 1921.

9 A. M. Agr. Bldg. Called to order by Pres. W. H. Stites, Henderson, Ky. Report of the Secretary, Ben. E. Niles, Henderson, Ky.

9:15 A. M.—Appointment of Committees.

9:20 A. M.—Observations in the Famous Fruit Districts of the Pacific Northwest, Frank T. Street, Cadiz, Ky.

9:50 A. M.—Report of Committee on Constitution and By-laws. Election of Officers.

10:30 A. M.—Drawing Dividends from a Leased Orchard, V. C. Razor, Salt Lick, Ky.

11:00 A. M.—Chapel.

12:30 A. M. University Cafeteria—Lunch.

1:30 P. M., Agr. Bldg.—Address, Dean T. P. Cooper, College of Agr., Lexington, Ky.

1:45 P. M.—The Policies of the Re-organized Horticultural Society, Pres. W. H. Stites, Henderson, Ky.

2:20 P. M. Fundamentals in Fruit Growing, Prof. J. H. Gourley, Morgantown, West Va.

3:20 P. M.—How The Extension Division is Aiding In The Transformation of Neglected Orchards, H. R. Niswonger, Lexington, Ky.

3:40 P. M.—Ups and Downs of a Fruit Grower in the Hills, H. Van Antwerp, Farmers, Ky.

Discussions, Adjournment.

6:00 P. M.—Banquet, place to be announced.

Special Session for Women. Wednesday, February 2.

9:30 A. M. Little Theatre—Demonstration with class of Homemakers, Adjusting the Individual Pattern, Miss Helen A. Harriman.

11 A. M.—Chapel.

2 P. M. Little Theatre—Playlet by the class in Dramatic Production under the direction of Prof. Mikesell, Director of Little Theatre.

2:30 P. M.—Are Prevalent Diseases Preventable? by Dr. Holmes, Department of Hygiene.

3:30 P. M.—Musical Interlude.

3:40 P. M.—Standards of Health for Children, Dr. Caroline Hedger, of Elizabeth McCormick Memorial, Chicago.

Thursday, February 3.

9:00 A. M. Agr. Bldg.—Care and Feeding of the Chicks and Growing Stock, J. R. Smyth. The Spray Program for the Apple Orchard, A. J. Olney.

Pavilion—Feeding the Dairy Cow, J. J. Hooper. The Soybean for Kentucky, Ralph Kenney.

10 A. M. Agr. Bldg.—Some Means of Reducing Production Costs on the Farm, W. D. Nicholls. Cooperative Livestock Shipping Associations, D. G. Card.

Pavilion—The Maintenance of Nitrogen Through the Use of Manure, Residues and Legumes, Dr. R. E. Stephenson. Breeding and Testing Dairy Cows, E. M. Prewitt. The Creamery Business in Kentucky, J. O. Barkman.

11 A. M., Chapel—Address, W. F. Handschin, University of Illinois. Judging of Jersey and Holstein Cows by Audience.

1:30 P. M. Pavilion—Outlook for Dairymen—B. H. Rawl, Chief Government Bureau of Dairying. Horse Power on the Farm, W. F. Handschin, University of Ill. The Food Value of Milk, Neil Roach, Louisville, Ky. Dairy Cattle Breeding in the South, W. W. Fitzpatrick, American Guernsey Cattle Club. The Creamery License Law, P. E. Bacon. Awarding Premiums for best exhibit of milk and cream, J. O. Barkman.

4:00 P. M.—Separate Sessions of Kentucky Jersey Cattle Club, Kentucky Holstein Club; Kentucky Dairy Products Association.

(Send for premium list offered for the best samples of milk and cream sent to the meeting. Entries close January 15.)

Thursday, Feb. 3.

9 A. M. Pavilion—Ignition.

10 A. M. Laboratory—Study of Ignition Systems.

11 A. M. Chapel—Address, W. F. Handschin, Univ. of Ill.

1:30 P. M. Pavilion—Magnetos.

2:30 P. M. Laboratory—Ignition troubles.

Special Session for Women Thursday, February 3.

9:30 A. M. Little Theatre—Efficiency Methods in Making Clothes, Miss Helen A. Harriman.

11:00 A. M. Chapel—Address, W. F. Handschin, Univ. of Ill.

2:00 P. M. Little Theatre—Musical Prelude, Prof. Lampert.

2:30 P. M.—The relation of Home Demonstration Agents to the Women of Kentucky, Miss Margaret Whitmore, State Leader of Home Demonstration Agents.

2:45 P. M.—The Value of a Community Laundry to Farm Women, Miss Eleanor Enright, Extension Field Agent.

3:30 P. M.—Poise in Relation to Health, Dr. Elizabeth Campbell, Cincinnati, O.

Friday, February 4.

9 A. M. Agr. Bldg.—Standard Bred Poultry, A. S. Chapin. Pavilion—A Practical Lesson in the Grading of Wool, L. J. Horiacher. Varieties of Clover and Their Adaptation to Kentucky, E. N. Fergus.

10 A. M. Agr. Bldg.—Some means of Reducing Production Costs on the Farm, W. D. Nicholls. Pavilion—Suggestions for Improvement in Marketing Methods, O. B. Jesness. Some Experimental Tests a Farmer May Profitably Make, George Roberts. Some Lessons Gleaned from Indiana Poultry Demonstration Farms, L. L. Jones, Sec'y. Indiana Poultry Association.

11 A. M. Chapel—Address, Dr. Campbell, Cincinnati.

1:30 P. M. Pavilion—Meeting of the Kentucky Swine Breeders' Association. The Pure Bred Hog Business, and Its Relation to the Swine Industry, W. J. Carmichael, Secreta-

The Louisville Courier-Journal

The Great Paper of the Southland

The Courier-Journal is ably edited; it is sane and dignified in its handling of news; it is fearless, yet fair, in its editorial utterances; and it always will be found the champion of clean government.

The Courier-Journal surpasses all its competitors in equipment for getting the news of the day, because it has not only the Associated Press dispatches but the full wire service of the New York Times. In addition it maintains staff correspondents at Frankfort and at Washington.

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Send or bring your orders to the office of

THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN.

THE "OLD RELIABLE" THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

White Haired Alabama Lady Says She Has Seen Medicines Come and Go But The "Old Reliable" Thedford's Black-Draught Came and Stayed.

Dutton, Ala.—In recommending Thedford's Black-Draught to her friends and neighbors here, Mrs. T. F. Parks, a well-known Jackson County lady, said: "I am getting up in years; my head is pretty white. I have seen medicines and remedies come and go but the old reliable came and stayed. I am talking of Black-Draught, a liver medicine we have used for years—one that can be depended upon and one that will do the work."

"Black-Draught will relieve indigestion and constipation if taken right, and I know for I tried it. It is the best thing I have ever found for the well, uncomfortable feeling after meals. Sour stomach and sick headache can be relieved by taking Black-Draught. It aids digestion, assists the liver in throwing off impurities. I am glad to recommend Black-Draught, and do, to my friends and neighbors."

Thedford's Black-Draught is a standard household remedy with a record of over seventy years of successful use. Every one occasionally needs something to help cleanse the system of impurities. Try Black-Draught. Insist upon Thedford's, the genuine. At all druggists.

UNCLE SAM'S BILLS SHOW FALLING OFF

Washington, Jan. 6.—The cost of running the United States government last year amounted to approximately \$5,064,000,000 as against about \$1,728,000,000 in 1919. The total expenditures outside of payments on the public debt were recorded today in accounts obtained from the daily Treasury statements.

Treasury officials said tonight that while ordinary disbursements had not yet come down to the \$4,000,000,000 mark set by Secretary Hamilton in his estimate of the revenues needed for future fiscal years, expenditures would continue to fall. Gradual liquidation of war claims and expenses, officials declared, explained the drop in expenditures, which, they added, would have been greater but for the additional burdens, such as loans and advances to the railroads imposed on the Treasury.

Ordinary receipts for 1920 amounted to \$6,431,000,000 in round numbers as against \$6,772,000,000 for the previous year. Collections of income and profits taxes totaled \$3,576,000,000 in the past year compared with \$4,337,000,000 in 1919.

Lame back may come from overwork, cold settled in the muscles of the back, or from disease. In the two former cases the right remedy is BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It should be rubbed in thoroughly over the affected part, the relief will be prompt and satisfactory. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

The liver loses its activity at times and needs help. Herbine is an effective liver stimulant. It also purifies the bowels strengthens digestion and restores strength, vigor and cheerful spirits. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

The Hartford Republican

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receive no attention.

TELEPHONES

Farmers Mutual..... 59
Cumberland123

FRIDAY.....JANUARY 14

If our good friend G. B. Likens,
the Herald's chronicler of Washing-
ton Notes, had put off his chronicling
of the notes published in the current
issue of that paper for another week
they would have consisted only of
the two last items, making about a
four-fifths saving in chronicling. He
could have saved all of that stuff
concerning the immense, costly and
gorgeous inaugural and his "Colored
Brethren" marching in the parade
etc. Sometimes some people hit on
one side of the nail and sometimes
some hit on the other, but friend Lik-
ens seems to have hit on both sides,
never for once hitting the nail.

We note that our former Towns-
man, G. B. Likens, records a protest
against the action of the State Board
of Charitable Institutions, wherein
they went out of the State to secure
the service of an assistant physician
at the Eastern State Hospital. Mr.
Likens says he is a believer in the
doctrine of "to the victor belongs the
spoils." It seems that Gabe is not
aware of the fact that the present
State Administration made that one
pledge the very first to fulfill, that is,
to take all of those institutions out
of politics. When it comes to dish-
ing out spoils at the expense of the
unfortunates who must be wards of
those institutions politics stands
about as much chance as Gabe
would with Jack Dempsey.

By request of President-elect Hard-
ing, all pomp and frills are to be
pruned from the Inaugural Cere-
monies. Senator Harding in his mes-
sages to those having charge of spe-
cial arrangements for the inaugura-
tion, requesting simplicity, said:
"However, if it is becoming to ex-
press my preference, I wish you and
your committee to know that the im-
pression of extravagant expendi-
ture and excessive cost would make
me a very unhappy participant." In
another message, to Senator Knox,
after expressing his preference for
unpretentious ceremonies etc., he
said: "This will require no expense
and we shall be joint participant in
an example of economy as well as
simplicity, which may be helpful in
the process of seeking our normal
ways once more."

President-elect Harding has made
a good beginning at public economy
since his election, although he is as
yet, not in authority. He was pro-
ffered and rejected the use of the
Presidential yacht and also the use of
a naval vessel in making his trip to
Panama, and vetoed the plans for
an elaborate and expensive inaugu-
ration, yet in the Democratic press,
in, and more especially between the
lines one may see criticism cast to-
ward the President-elect for the pre-
supposed gorgeousness of the inaugu-
ral, that is to be. My! how things
have changed since Mr. Wilson made
his voyages to and fro on the George
Washington. The keeping of the
palatial ocean liner moored for weeks,
standing ready for his beck and call,
and the enormous expense attached
to all of it, was, in that case, simply
in keeping with the greatness and
dignity of the man—his supreme im-
portance of course demanded that he
travel thus—and we heard nothing
then of cost or economy. It looks
as though our Democratic brethren
were eleventh-hour converts to plans
for economy, yet we unalterably in-
dorse steps for thrift and saving at
all times and everywhere, saving only
when and whereby the established
rules and customs of common decen-
cy may be violated thereby.

INFANT CHILD DIES.

Albert Derwood, 6 weeks old child

of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Rial died last
Friday and was buried the day fol-
lowing in Oakwood cemetery, after
brief funeral services conducted by
Rev. T. T. Frazier.

The little fellow had never been
well, being prematurely born and de-
licate from the beginning.

CLEAN-UP BRIGHTEN-UP CAMPAIGN LAUNCHING

The Parent-Teacher Association of
Hartford College has appointed a City
Welfare League Committee to work
under the auspices of this association
for the betterment and beautification
of Hartford.

The committee composed of Mrs.
Rowan Holbrook, Chairman; Miss
Elizabeth Moore, Secretary; Miss
Margaret Marks, C. O. Hunter and
W. C. Blankenship met Wednesday
afternoon in County Agents office
to formulate plans for future work.
Mrs. J. B. Wilson, President of the
Parent-Teacher Association also met
with this committee.

This is the beginning of a move-
ment in Hartford to ask each indi-
vidual to do his part in keeping our
town cleaner and making it more
beautiful. A Clean-up campaign will
be inaugurated, also the planting of
trees and shrubbery. They hope this
movement will grow until Hartford is
on the map as one of the cleanest and
most progressive towns in the state.

February 10th instead of the regu-
lar monthly P. T. A. Meeting date a
mass meeting will be held at the
College Auditorium, at which time a
program will be rendered and the
campaign formally launched. Every
citizen is expected to be present.
COME BOOST YOUR TOWN.

MILITARY FORBIDDEN TO ARREST DE VALERA

London, Jan. 12.—Definite instruc-
tions have been issued to the military
in Ireland not to arrest De Valera,
according to an Irish office statement
today, which said:

"Dublin Castle now knows where
De Valera landed, where he is stop-
ping, with whom he is conferring; in
fact, everything about his movements.
He has been sleeping in a different
house every night for fear of arrest,
when as a matter of fact official in-
structions to the police and military
are for them to look the other way if
they encounter him."

"They could have arrested him half
a dozen times if they desired."

Subsequent official attitude as to
De Valera remaining at liberty is de-
pendent upon the character of his
proclamation to the Irish people
which is expected this week. He will
be arrested at once, say officials if
his speeches are seditious.

COUNT AND COUNTESS FACE DEPORTATION

Spokane, Wash., Jan. 12.—Count
and Countess Vigo Bolstein Rathlou,
of Denmark, the latter formerly the
wife of Dr. Roy A. Miles Collins, kill-
ed in Portland in 1909, were arrest-
ed here today by United States im-
migration authorities and are being held
for possible deportation. According
to B. E. Gowen, United States im-
migration commissioner, the pair enter-
ed the United States presumably thru
Canada, last September after they had
been refused admission in 1916.

He said the Countess Rathlou elop-
ed with Rathlou from her husband in
Portland in 1908 and that Dr. Col-
lins' second wife, when placed on trial
a year later for his murder, declared
she had killed him because of his love
for his former wife.

According to Mr. Gowen, the Count
and Countess left the United States
in 1915 and on their return were re-
fused admission.

HUNTERS KILL BEAR WITH POCKET KNIVES

Bangor, Me., Jan. 8.—With a
small pocket knife and club apiece,
George Scovill and Lewis Hunt, of
Lubec, who are in the lumber woods
at Marion, killed a bear. The two
men had gone out to the camp mail
box, about two miles distant, after
dark. On their return they came
face to face with the bear, which
showed a disposition to fight. It was
pitch dark, but the men succeeded in
finding clubs by the roadside and,
with the aid of their pocket knives
they attacked the animal on two
sides at once. Their clothes were
torn and they were bleeding at the
finish.

Maine reports an actual shortage
of 108 teachers and 330 below the
standard required.

REX ARBUCKLE BACK IN REFORM SCHOOL

Rex Arbuckle, who was sent to the
Kentucky School of Reform for this
County, by the Ohio Circuit Court,
last summer, and who escaped from
that institution about the first of last
December, was arrested and lodged
in jail here Dec. 20th, was re-con-
veyed to the Reform School Wednesday
by an officer of the Institution.

"BILL SIKES' HOUSE" MUST GO

Located in District Made Famous by
Dickens, and Stands in Way
of Improvements.

The house from whose roof Bill
Sikes tried to lower himself by a rope
to escape the mob that had tracked
him to Jacob's island is to be torn
down. Bill, you remember, made a
misstep as he tried to swing clear of
the roof, and the poise at the end of
the rope caught him and hanged him,
whereat his dog, trying to leap from
the roof to his shoulders, missed his
aim and fell into the ditch at the base
of the house, dashing out his brains
on a stone.

Jacob's island is in Redmondsey,
near St. Saviour's docks. The ditches
or canals which separated it from the
mainland and which carried water
from the Thames to the mills and tan-
neries in the district, long since dis-
appeared. Bill Sikes' house was iden-
tified some time ago by the discovery
of an old map of the district, on
which its location was plainly indi-
cated. It is in the rear of a house
in Eckett street, and is used as a
stable. The London county council
plans to improve the entire district,
so the region made notorious by "Ol-
ver Twist" must go. The name of
the sixteenth century Jacob, who had a
large house and garden on the island,
before it became an industrial district,
is still preserved in the nearby Jacob
street.—Detroit News.

BUILT FOR HIGH ALTITUDES

Frenchman Has Designed Airbus That
Can Carry Passengers—Com-
partment to Be Airtight.

Why not use "aerial submarines,"
for flight in the upper air—that is,
enclosed cars in which air at atmos-
pheric pressure can be maintained?
asks the Scientific American Monthly.
Only by some such means will any
but a very few highly trained pilots
ever be able to attain to great alti-
tudes, according to Dr. Guglielminetti,
president of the section of physiology
of the International Aeronautic ex-
position, and Dr. Garsaux of the tech-
nical section of aeronautics at the St.
Cyr Military academy, France.

Louis Breguet, the builder of air-
planes, has designed an airbus for use
at high altitudes. It has a wing spread
of 85 feet and a metal fuselage in-
closing pilot, motor and passengers
in an airtight cigar-shaped case. It
is capable of carrying twenty-seven
passengers, each with 88 pounds of
baggage, a distance of 620 miles, or
a pilot, two mechanics, 1,100
pounds of provisions and 10,390
pounds of gasoline a distance of 4,039
miles at 106 miles an hour. No oxygen
tanks are needed.

Old Coach Travel Expensive.
In England, too, railway fares are
about to be raised, at even a higher
percentage than in this country, re-
marks a writer in the New York
Times. Whether the consequent grum-
bling is higher there than here it is
impossible to decide. As an intended
help in stilling it, the newspapers are
publishing the prices for transporta-
tion that travelers had to pay in pre-
railway days.

Thus, for the journey from London
to Glasgow the "inside" passenger of
1812 had to pay about \$52. Going no
farther than Newcastle from London
cost the man inside the coach some-
thing like \$28. In addition there was
the outlay for meals on the road and
for the long list of expected tips to
guards, coachmen, etc.

"Tommies" Talk French.
One detects the influence of the war
in the village inns of England today,
says a correspondent who has just re-
turned from a walking tour.

The "lads of the village" are home
again, and gather, as of yore, in the
bar parlor to discuss the events of the
day; but there is a marked difference
in their vocabulary.

For they remember the estaminets
of France and the language talked
therein. "Encore de biere" has be-
come the formula for repeating an
order, and "fini" has taken its place
among the recognized methods of in-
timating refusal to drink again. —
London Chronicle.

Such Is Life in the City.

Noticing that a young woman walk-
ing along the street ahead of her
had dropped a purse, a Milwaukee
woman called to her and when the
young woman turned around was
amazed to find it was her sister, whom
she had not seen for fourteen years
and for whom she had long been
searching. She took her sister back
home with her and as they reached
the flat the young woman said: "Why,
I have lived for a year within a block
and a half of here."

Overalls Built for Freak.
Overall manufacturers at Scranton,
Pa., have made to order a pair of
overalls containing twenty-five yards
of material for a negro at Memphis,
who is nine feet four inches tall and
weighs 540 pounds. The sixth meas-
urement is 106 inches, and each of the
hip pockets is big enough to hold a
watermelon.

Accounting for It.
"I'm worn out. They had me put-
ting up pup tents the best part of
the day."

"I suppose that is why you feel so
dog tired."

Heard in a Restaurant.
First Girl—Don't you ever eat your
corn off the cob, Mayme?
Second Girl—Not this summer. It
batters up one's ear puffs so.

Reduction Sale! Pre-Inventory Sale! Clearance Sale! Removal Sale!

NO!—NO!—NO!

We are not having a sale such as either of the
above, but we are offering you merchandise as cheap
as you can buy elsewhere considering the quality of
the merchandise. We have just bought New Mer-
chandise at New Prices—prices that enables us to
offer you your merchandise very, very low. You will
profit by visiting us before making your purchase.



TRUE SHAPE HOSIERY

To thousands of discriminating women absolute
hosiery satisfaction has been summed up in one
number—TRUE SHAPE No. 564. If you haven't
worn TRUE SHAPE No. 564, ask us to show you
these stockings—and then please take note of these
features:

FIRST, you will be impressed with its beautiful silky texture
—then note the patented "cross-stitch" in the garter top
which prevents runs. And while you're examining the "cross-
stitch" note the flare top, which makes the stocking so
"comfy" where it is often tight and binding. Now look at
its shaped and fashioned leg, the narrow, close-fitting foot.
And the heels and toes are four-ply yarn. Well—just buy one
pair, and then see how easy it will be to always remember
TRUE SHAPE No. 564.

BEAVER DAM COAL COMPANY

(Incorporated)

McHENRY, and TAYLOR MINES, KY.

ARE YOU ATTENDING FAIR'S BIG JANUARY Clearing Sale

If not you are misusing your time and losing some rare bargains. Your neighbors are wise—they have been—why not you? Only four more days remain. Listen, won't you. You can buy

35c Apron Gingham for17c
25c Heavy Domestic for12½c
45c Dress Gingham for29c
50c Hope Bleach for17c
50c yard-wide Percals for29c
\$30.00 Dresses\$19.95
\$40.00 Cloaks\$28.00
\$30.00 Cloaks\$23.00
\$25.00 Cloaks\$19.95

ETC., ETC., ETC.

A ten per cent reduction throughout our entire house,

THAT'S ALL.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

The best place to get the best Queensware is at ACTON BROS.

Mr. A. K. Anderson returned Wednesday from Florida, where he had been spending a few days.

For Transfer Call Leach's Restaurant. 28tf

We have field fence, rabbit and poultry fence, and barbed wire fence. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mrs. Rowan Holbrook went to Owensboro yesterday to spend a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Henderson Murphree and Mr. Murphree.

Prof. Everett Liles will conduct the examinations to be held at Forisville, the 28 and 29 of this month, for common school graduates.

Mrs. Frank Peyton, of Denver, Colo., arrived here last Saturday, to visit her mother, Mrs. Mary C. Ellis, and other relatives.

Prof. C. K. Carson will be in charge of the examinations to be held in Beaver Dam, on the 28 and 29 of the present month, for common school diplomas.

Commonwealth's Attorney C. E. Smith will be in Hawesville a few days the first of next week in attendance of the regular January term of Circuit Court.

The Stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Allen, on the 10th, Inst., leaving a fine girl baby, who has decided to remain permanently with "Gene" and his wife.

Miss Mattie Duke, who is teaching in the Shelbyville High School, came home the first of this week to attend the funeral and burial of her grandfather, Mr. A. J. Carter.

Five nice, young, driving horses and mares from 4 to 6 years old. I want to sell. E. E. BIRKHEAD,

Jack Render has accepted the position of general manager of the Kentucky Light and Power Co's. business. As he is to devote his entire time to the business general satisfaction to the Company's patrons should be the result.

Mr. John P. Taylor returned Tuesday from Vicksburg, Miss., where he, together with Mrs. Taylor, had been visiting Mrs. Taylor's parents during the past four weeks. Mrs. Taylor and little daughter will return Sunday.

Mr. McDowell A. Fogle returned Tuesday from Indianapolis, Ind., where he had spent some three weeks with his father, Judge J. E. Fogle, and sister, Mrs. T. B. Petrie and family. Mr. Fogle reports that his father is doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bryan Holbrook, of Cincinnati, O., are spending their vacation with friends and relatives in Owensboro and Masonville. They arrived in Hartford Wednesday night to visit their father, Mr. J. D. Holbrook, and Mrs. Holbrook.

Mrs. E. W. Cooper and children, who have been visiting Mrs. Cooper's mother, Mrs. C. M. Barnett and other relatives for some time returned to their home in Nashville, Tenn., yesterday. Mrs. Barnett accompanied her daughter home, and will remain there some four weeks.

LOST—One bundle, containing 2 Gingham house dresses, 1 pair of silk hose and other apparel for ladies, on road between Beaver Dam Planing Mill and Sowders property on Hartford road. Return to Beaver Dam Planing Mill or to this office and receive reward for trouble.

Miss Harriet Flener, of Cromwell, returned to her home Monday, after spending several days in Morgantown, the guest of her brother, Mr. J. C. Flener. Mrs. Walter Casebeer, of Detroit, Mich., who is visiting relatives in the Cromwell country and Miss Lois Flener were also visitors in Morgantown at the same time.

POULTRY WANTED.
Hens 22c; Stags 15c; Cox 12c; Eggs 55c cash.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

GIRL DIES FROM ACCIDENTAL BURNS

Alberta, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Smith of the Washington country, died Tuesday, from burns sustained when her clothing became ignited in playing around an open fire place 12 hours previous. The little girl was five years old. Burial of the remains took place at Boll Run, yesterday.

PLANS FOR LINCOLN CLUB BANQUET FEB. 12

Annual Affair Is To Be Of Unusual Interest To Participants.

W. S. Tinsley, Chairman of the Ohio County Republican Committee, received the following communication a few days ago from Lilburn Phelps, Secretary of the State Committee and in order that all Ohio Countians may be made acquainted with arrangements being made, and that those who can and desire to attend may know how to proceed, we publish the letter in full:

Louisville, Ky. Jan. 12, 1921.
Dear Sir:—The Annual Banquet of the Lincoln Club will be held at the Seelbach Hotel, in this city Saturday evening, February 12, at 6:45 p. m.

A splendid program is being arranged. At least one speaker of national reputation will be heard and several of the best speakers in the state will make short addresses.

The Lincoln Club Banquets have been notably successful. This will doubtless be the most successful one ever held. Occurring just before the coming into power of the Republican National Administration, the occasion will be one of great interest. It will give Republicans from all parts of the state an opportunity to meet each other, renew old acquaintances and make new ones.

Covers will be laid for six hundred and fifty guests. Men and women alike will be invited. Admission will be by tickets only. Those desiring to make reservations should do so promptly. An attractive menu will be prepared. The price per plate is \$2.50. Tickets will be sent to you immediately upon receipt of check. You can order one or more tickets at the price indicated. Make check payable to Lilburn Phelps, Treasurer, and mail to me at 305 Republic Building, Louisville. If all tickets are sold when your order comes your check will be returned.

Yours truly,
LILBURN PHELPS.

SHOWING GROWTH OF DOLLAR

How Benjamin Franklin's Bequest of \$5,000 to Boston Has Increased in a Century.

How the dollar invested works for the individual himself has been best illustrated by that first great American teacher of thrift, Benjamin Franklin, remarks World's Work. In 1791 he bequeathed \$1,000 to the commonwealth of Massachusetts and to the city of Boston as a mark of his appreciation for having appointed him as agent in England at the "handsome" salary of £2,000. And to make his bequest really valuable, with his great foresight Franklin provided in his will that this \$1,000 should be put out at 5 per cent interest for 100 years; that at the end of that time 31-131 of the fund accumulated should again be put out at interest for another hundred years and then the fund be divided one-fourth to Boston and three-fourths to the state.

Let us see how well that \$1,000 of Franklin's has worked. At the end of the first hundred years it had grown to \$431,383.62. It was then divided in accordance with the will; \$329,300.48 was set aside for "public work" and \$102,083.15 was started on its course of earning interest for another hundred years. That was in 1891. On Jan. 1, 1918, this sum had grown to \$207,505.15 and at this rate of increase the fund should amount to at least \$6,000,000 when the second period is completed, and may be considerably more.

ONE'S JOB MUST COME FIRST

Salary Should Be a Secondary Object for the Man Who Is Anxious to Advance.

I have never known a young man to advance far when he thought much about his salary while at work, or who let that salary have anything to do with the interest he was putting into his job. The job is the chance, the opportunity, to show what you are made of, to show what you have for sale—your ability, your personality.

If you have something unusual for sale you may be sure you have what every employer is always looking for. If you are alert, enthusiastic, original, if you try to stamp everything that goes through your hands with superiority, you may be sure that you will soon find a place at the front with commensurate salary.

On the other hand, the man who drags through just enough work to get by, who gets to his job when he has to and watches the clock for time to go home will not see his salary envelope fatten very rapidly.

Quibbling over one's salary has spoiled many a career. It is not what you are paid for doing, but what you do that you are not paid for that is the key to the position above you. This is almost invariably the case. The service you render which you are not obliged to give is the thing that attracts your employer.—Orison Swett Marden in Chicago Daily News.

Don't Fail

To visit us during
our

Big Reduction Sale

which began

JANUARY 7

and continues until
January 15th
inclusive.

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, JANUARY 14

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Mr. J. I. Clark, of Pond Run, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. George Nabors, of Sulphur Springs, was in town yesterday.

Mr. R. B. Martin, of Cromwell spent Wednesday and Thursday in town.

Fred Robertson has purchased the Barber Shop and business of F. T. Belcher.

Mrs. A. C. Porter went to Owensboro Wednesday, returning that afternoon.

Miss Martha Bennett is quite ill at the home of her aunt, Miss Amanda Bennett.

Mrs. R. T. Collins will entertain the Ladies' Social Club this afternoon at her home.

Mrs. Leslie Leach, of Central City, was the week-end guest of Judge and Mrs. J. S. Glenn.

Mrs. C. E. Smith and Mrs. O. T. Burns were in Louisville Wednesday and Thursday.

See us for all kinds of grass and field seeds. Quality first.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Judge W. H. Barnes made a business trip to Louisville Tuesday, returning yesterday.

Mrs. J. Caskey Bennett, who has been very sick during the past week, is slowly improving.

Barnett Sullenger left Sunday for Littleton, Colo., where he will remain for some time.

Mrs. Sudie Porter and daughter, Corrinne, of Rob Roy, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Leach and family.

COAL FOR SALE—Plenty of clean, screened coal for sale at 10 cents per bu., at the Howard Old Mine, on the Coal Bank Hollow Road. 27tf
C. F. WHITMAN.

Mrs. D. H. Barnes went to Owensboro yesterday and will return today.

Highest Cash Prices paid for eggs and poultry.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mrs. Joe Hatler, of Rosine, was a visitor at this office while in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Fair gave a dinner Sunday in honor of Mrs. Leslie Leach, of Central City.

Mrs. G. A. Ralph left yesterday for Canolou, Mo., where she will spend a month visiting relatives.

Mr. James Glenn has accepted a position with the Barnes Grocery Co., a new concern of Beaver Dam.

Mr. Andrew King, of Owensboro, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. E. Crabtree and other relatives here.

County Attorney A. D. Kirk returned Tuesday from Nashville, Tenn., where he had been on legal business.

Supt. E. S. Howard will attend a State meeting of County School Superintendents in Frankfort, Jan. 24 and 25.

Miss Gladys Bennett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Bennett, went to Louisville yesterday, where she will spend a few days.

Mr. J. W. Marks of Toxco, Ga., arrived here Wednesday to spend a week with his mother, Mrs. T. S. Marks and family.

Mr. Robert Bennett, of Chrisman, Ill., was the guest of his parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. D. Bennett last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Midkiff of Sulphur Springs, and Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Baughn of Sunnydale, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Ralph yesterday.

Miss Erma Carter, bookkeeper for the Beaver Dam Planing Mill Co., is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Carter, of Route 1.

Remember your account with WILLIAMS & DUKE is now due and we would appreciate it if you would come in at once and settle same.
WILLIAMS & DUKE.

STRAY STREAKS

(By Fluke McFluke.)

Our wife's been taking us out in Society a right smart here of late and the other night when the Hostess was serving victuals she included coffee, we do like good coffee and somehow it tastes best when we suck it out of a saucer, but when we ax'd the lady of the house for a saucer to drink our coffee outen Missus McFluke kicked enough skin off our shins, which were under the table, to cover a man's size saddle.

Our good friend Will Brown, of near Centertown, fetched us, we say us, four good twists of tobacco one day last week and told us to give Ernest Birkhead one of the twists, provided Birk correctly guessed the number brought but somehow, we hain't been able to see Ernest since and anyhow we guess Birkhead is a poor guesser and the chances are it would do him but little good to try his guessing ability, and to shorten the matter, we guess that we have out-guessed the coffin vendor and will just keep all of the long-green.

The last we heard of I. D. Claire he was in Louisville, at the base of a post upon the top of which there glowed a bright light. I. D. C. was most always a bit like a moth, that is lurable by brightness. To him, even moonshine is regarded as something to be coveted and good to look upon.

Capt Cox says he hears a good many people talking about somebody by the name of Ralsen Jack and that he is most always spoken of very highly, but he 'lows as how by-gum he's been in this town a long, long time, and he don't know any fellow of that name.

We happened to be thrown in the company of three ladies the other night: Mesdames Ed Barrass, Ernest Birkhead, of this City and Edward Cooper, of Nashville, Tenn., and while we don't mean the least bit of harm by the confession, yet, in all truth, we must say that we nearly died from lonesomeness.

SCHOOL NEWS.

The Second Semester of Hartford High School opened Monday, January 10, with the enrollment of 6 new pupils, making a total of 135. This is the largest enrollment in

the history of the School.

The new pupils are: Kathleen, Tichenor, Ernestine Ralph, Maggie Allen, Fred Dean, Clara Kirk, Hulbert Crowder.

The Hartford Basket Ball team added one more to their long string of victories, when they met the Calhoun team on the local court Wednesday night and defeated them by the score of 27 to 20.

The Calhoun Five played a good game, but were outclassed by the Hartford boys.

The Third Team also played an interesting game with Prof. Shown's team, from Nocreek. The score was 37 to 17 in favor of the Hartford boys.

BALD KNOB.

Mr. Dyer Davis and family have moved on Mr. Jim Howard's farm, near Select.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Daugherty spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mrs. Daugherty's father, Mr. W. Cook.

Mr. Elton Davis is confined to his room with a sore foot, but is some better.

Miss Cora Terrence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hop Terrence, was buried at the old Brick House cemetery, Christmas day.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Taylor and children visited relatives in Beaver Dam Monday.

Miss Mae Sandefur spent last Sunday with Miss Rae Miller.

Mrs. Olive Taylor visited Mrs. Connie Leach Sunday.

CARD OF THANKS.

We take this method of expressing our sincere thanks to our friends and neighbors for their kindness and assistance during the illness and death of our baby boy, and also the Lady Maccabees for their beautiful floral offering.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. RIAL.

BAIZE—CROWDER.

Mr. L. B. Crowder, of Rosine and Miss Donnie Baize, of Beaver Dam, came to Hartford Saturday afternoon, procured a marriage license and were married in the Courthouse yard, Rev. Russell Walker performing the ceremony uniting the young people.

The Bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Baize, of Beaver Dam, while the bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Crowder, of Rosine, where he is Agent for the I. C. R. R. Co.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Map Series Shows Shift Of Farming Industries.

Shifting of agricultural industries in the United States from 1840 to 1910 is shown by a series of maps recently prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture from material collected last year. Another series of maps showing shifts of population in the United States during the same period will follow, and other data of historical value is being accumulated for publication. The research in agricultural history has been devoted chiefly to the early development of the sheep, wheat, and cattle industries, and more recently to the development of agriculture in the Northern Great Plains.

The department is making a study of farm practices in cotton growing in various sections of the cotton belt, along the same lines, but more extensive than the study in the growing of wheat, a report of which was published in the Department's Yearbook for 1919. This work will contain the data of the 1920 agricultural census. Geographical studies of farming and live-stock practices also are in progress.

Campaign For Better Sires Now Reaches To Porto Rico.

The first enrollment in the Better Sires campaign to be received from the insular possessions has just been forwarded to the United States Department of Agriculture from Porto Rico. The enrollment blank was sent by the director of the Porto Rico Experiment Station, and was from a poultry raiser in Luquillo. The new member has disposed of 28 head of scrub poultry and is now making arrangements, thru the department, for the shipment of 2 purebred cocks and 20 purebred hens.

This enrollment marks the beginning in the insular possessions of a movement which has created much interest and which has done much to improve the livestock interests in the United States. It also may open a new market, the department specialists say, for export trade in purebred stock of all classes.

Employ Definite System To Find Engine Trouble.

With the approach of cold weather many tractor, automobile, and gasoline-engine owners who have experienced trouble in starting their motors are calling on the U. S. Department of Agriculture for help. In return they are getting information that is of material assistance in solving the difficulty.

Gas-engine specialists of the Department are urging that a definite system be followed in locating the trouble. Both the ignition and fuel systems should be gone over in a systematic manner. Cold retards the vaporizing fuel so, if no fault is found with either of the systems, it may be necessary to inject a small quantity of gasoline—about a teaspoonful—into each cylinder, or, in very cold weather, to fill the cooling system with hot water.

Complete information on the systematic study of the ignition and the fuel systems and suggestions for starting a motor in cold weather can be obtained on application to the Department.

"Movie" Shows Plant Pest Seen Through Microscope.

A lively bathing scene in which the pool is a dewdrop and the bathers are creatures too small for the naked eye is shown in one of the recent motion-picture releases by the United States Department of Agriculture. The new film, known as "A. Plant Disease and How it Spreads," was photographed under the Bureau of Plant Industry. The pictures, most of which were taken thru a microscope, deal with the organisms that cause rhubarb blight and result in heavy loss in truck-farming sections. Field scenes also are included. Symptoms showing the existence of the blight, the extent of damage wrought and methods of eradication are depicted in the film, which will be distributed thru department channels.

The new "movie" is one of the few that have been photographed largely through a microscope, and because of that fact is expected to attract added attention. It is designed for both scientific and popular use, and is expected to be much in demand among educational institutions. The department has more than 500 films in circulation, showing over 115 subjects. They have proved of marked value in extending the work of the department.

Care of Farm Equipment During Cold Weather Pays.

Much of the loss and annoyance caused by breakage of farm equipment may be avoided by careful inspection and repair of weak parts before the season's rush begins.

The proper time for making repairs is during the winter and at times when the regular farm work is

not urgent, specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture say. As the season advances, implements which will be needed for the next farming operations should be gone over and given any attention required to make them ready for immediate use. If the farm machinery is not properly housed during periods of disuse, it is all the more important that it should be given a careful overhauling. After inspecting an implement, tightening bolts, strengthening weak parts, and renewing broken pieces, the necessary painting should be done. Frequent applications of dark metallic paint, consisting either of red lead or venetian red and raw linseed oil, not only improve the appearance of farm implements, but add greatly to their durability.

This is an age when appearances count, and a farmer's standing in the community frequently is governed by the appearance of his farm equipment. The man who spends his spare moments in the repair of fences and gates and maintaining a neat appearance of the entire farm has a better chance of becoming a leader in his community than the man whose farm has a slovenly appearance.

American-Grown Bulbs.

Tulips, narcissus, and hyacinth bulbs, to the number of 325,000 sent out in the Congressional seed distribution this year were grown at home. Work of the United States Department of Agriculture in its Puget Sound gardens has shown that that region is adapted to the cultivation of the so-called Dutch bulbs, which in the past, have been almost entirely imported.

Farm Equipment Essential.

The successful management of a modern farm largely depends upon the efficiency of the equipment with which the work is performed, specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture point out.

The equipment of the average farm can be divided into about three more or less distinct classes, as follows: First and most important, are the buildings, fences, implements, machinery, wagons, and all appliances used in the more important farming operations; second, utensils and machinery used in connection with the dairy, garden tools, butchering outfit, and the numerous small things for general use about the place; third, the tools and materials for keeping the first two classes of equipment in good working order.

In order to secure the greatest efficiency, all implements and machinery should be properly housed when not in actual service, so as to be in good working condition when required for use.

Sanitary Poultry Houses Help Keep Flock Healthy.

Chickens will not give adequate returns in eggs or growth when kept under insanitary conditions, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. The construction of the poultry house should receive first attention. Sufficient air space, lighting and ventilation should be provided, and the entire house cleaned at frequent intervals.

While these precautions can not be depended upon to control mites and lice, they aid the poultryman in determining when these pests are present. Furthermore, the fowls are kept in vigorous condition, which in itself aids in controlling pests. Dirty and insanitary houses provide ideal breeding conditions for insects and germs which are detrimental to poultry. Diseased fowls, or those with malformed bills or feet, fall ready prey to lice, mites and other insect pests, and should be removed as soon as discovered.

Feed for Laying Hens.

In supplying feed to fowls there are three kinds of constituents which should be present in certain fairly well-fixed proportions if the desired results are to be obtained most economically. These constituents are mineral, nitrogenous, and carbonaceous, all of which are contained in corn, wheat, oats and barley, but not in the right proportions to give the greatest egg yield. In addition some animal feed and green feed should be supplied.

Distribute Building Costs.

A proper share of the cost for replacing old farm buildings should be charged against the farm income each year. Buildings may be constructed to last for 100 years, or they may stand only a third of that time. If the cost of replacement is not charged into the yearly accounts the whole bill will appear against the income for a single year. Depreciation charges for buildings, machinery, or other farm equipment are merely a method for distributing these costs over the period of years in which the equipment is in actual use.

AT SIXTY O'NEIL GAINS 17 POUNDS

Ohio Farmer Says After Suffering Seven Years Tanlac Has Restored Him.

"Tanalac certainly is a real medicine, for only a real medicine will make a man of my age gain seventeen pounds in weight and feel as young as I do," said John H. O'Neil, a well known farmer of Darrowville, Ohio, recently.

"For seven years I suffered with stomach trouble and became so badly run down and nervous I could hardly hold my plow handles. After eating I would turn almost deathly sick and bloat with gas until I could scarcely breathe. I had such dizzy spells at times I couldn't stoop over to hook a trace and would just stagger around until I caught to something."

"I couldn't put in a day's work without having such terrible pains all through my body I could hardly endure it. It was an effort to do anything, and it seemed that the more medicine I took the worse I got."

"But when I started taking Tanlac I soon felt like a new man. I have taken four bottles now and my stomach is in such fine condition I am eating like a horse without suffering, and as I said, I have gained seventeen pounds in weight. The pains have disappeared from my body and I can do a hard day's work and enjoy it. In fact, Tanlac has made me feel almost as well as I did at the age of twenty-five and that's saying a lot for a man of sixty. Anyway, it is the best medicine I ever ran across, and I'll take it for mine every time."

Tanalac is sold in Hartford by Dr. L. B. Bean; in Beaver Dam by R. T. Taylor, Jr.; and in McHenry by S. J. Tichenor.—Advertisement.

MEXICAN MONEY PANIC SOMEWHAT IMPROVED

Mexico City, Jan. 8.—Seven million pesos were withdrawn in four days from the Banque Francaise du Mexique, which yesterday announced that the run on the institution had definitely stopped. Virtually no money except the usual demands were paid out this afternoon, according to the bank officials, who let it be known that the Mexican government had rendered valuable aid in the most critical period by making available more than 3,000,000 pesos in coin.

Secretary of the Treasury de la Huerta, the official said, met the requests for help with a sweeping order for the various federal departments immediately to turn over all available amount to the bank. Prior to this order, however, Amelin Lacaud, aged president of the bank, had chartered a special engine and on a nonstop schedule speed to Uruapan, state of Michoacan, where President Obregon is spending several days for his health. Arriving there he immediately obtained an executive order for federal help, but before he could communicate with Mexico City a tide of coin commenced to flow which saved the bank.

With the bank Francaise safely over the rocks, confidence among depositors of other banks grew rapidly and the closing hours this afternoon saw a flood of cash pouring into the bank instead of going out. Representative bankers assert that a threatened nation-wide panic has been averted, although they are of the opinion that the effects of the past few days will be felt for months by commercial houses.

JAPS GIVE UP PLAN TO SETTLE IN TEXAS

Brownsville, Texas, Jan. 8.—Tension in the lower Rio Grande valley over the arrival of prospective Japanese colonists appeared considerably eased today as a result of the promise by two Japanese families at Harlingen to return to California. Members of the American Legion post at Harlingen pledged their aid in recovery of \$10,000 which the Orientals said they contracted and paid partly in cash to Z. Yamata for farming property near Harlingen. Yamata is a Japanese resident of Los Angeles.

B. R. Kato, a Japanese who arrived in Brownsville yesterday, announced last night he would return to California Sunday. He was met at the railroad station by a committee of citizens and advised to leave in 48 hours because public sentiment was against colonization of Japanese in this section. "I am a laborer and have no intention of buying land," Kato said. "In fact I have no money with which to buy land." However, he was well dressed, wore a large diamond stud and other jewelry and spent last night at the home of a Japanese who long has been a resident here. Other

Japanese said Kato was an engineer and came here expecting to install and run an irrigation plant for them. The two Japanese families at Harlingen, headed by brothers named Okuma, who arrived here early this week, will probably return to California Monday. They were permitted to await the arrival of a fellow countryman, named Kishi, an agent of Yamata. The Okumas were informed by attorneys for the Harlingen post of the American Legion that a Texas law enacted in 1892 forbids alien nonresidents to own land in the state. Several Japanese families who have been living in the valley for a long time are not affected by the present agitation.

BEST MAN STOLE BRIDE

New York, Jan. 8.—How the best man at a recent wedding stole the young and bashful wife of his best friend and held her prisoner for more than a month, during which time he forced her to receive the attentions of several men, was told today in the Gate Avenue police court, Brooklyn, when Robert Cerasi, 23 years old, of Passaic, N. J., was arraigned before Magistrate Folwell on a statutory charge.

The bride and one of the men alleged to have called upon her at the house in which she had been held a prisoner, also are held under bail.

The discovery of the case came about in an unusual manner. Policeman Harry Nelson of the Vernon Avenue station, Brooklyn, was patrolling his post on Jefferson Street this morning when a magazine fell heavily at his feet. As it struck the sidewalk it opened and a note fell from it. Picking the note up, the policeman read the following urgent message:

"I am locked in a room on the second floor. Please notify the police—Mrs. Michael Salomia."

Rushing upstairs, the policeman knocked at a door. A woman's voice asked him what he wanted and he told her he was a policeman. She replied that she was locked in, and then the policeman found a heavy padlock on the door. He broke down the door with his night stick and released the young woman, who is only 17 years old, and an extremely pretty French girl.

Hearing the young woman's story, Policeman Nelson communicated with the Vernon Avenue Station and Detective Arthur O'Neil was dispatched to the Jefferson Street house. The two of them secreted themselves in an adjoining room and waited. Soon afterwards Cerasi entered the room and was placed under arrest.

BEST BUFFALO HERD IN U. S. IS MENACED

Salt Lake City, Utah, Jan. 8.—Two hundred of the finest specimens of buffalo left in the United States today are in immediate danger of slaughter. They are on Antelope Island in Great Salt Lake, and it is said that sixty permits have been sold to individuals to kill these animals.

They are nearly as wild as the great tramping herds of which they are survivors. Protests have been received by Utah officials from all over the world against the proposed destruction of the bison.

To Interest Government.

The owners say that they want to get rid of the buffalo because they kill and cripple many of the bulls and calves of the pure bred beef cattle on the island and also break thru fences, destroying hay and forage crops.

Senator Reed Smoot may move to save these animals by special legislation. Arno B. Crammer, acting director of national park service, United States Department of the Interior, has become interested in the proposal that the government make the island a natural refuge.

The Utah herd of buffalo are the descendants of some of the famous herd gathered together by "Buffalo C. J. Jones."

Wire fences proved no obstacle when they decided to roam. They would charge cowboys and horses without hesitation. They were removed with great difficulty and some loss to Antelope Island in the great Salt Lake. The owners claim that they never have been an asset, but are a liability. Protest was made to the State Board of Equalization a few weeks ago by John E. Docly, principal owner of the island, against an assessed valuation of \$50 a head. The actual value is \$200 a head.

The owners say that to transport them elsewhere would mean great difficulty and the loss of many of the animals.

If they are to be saved, lovers of nature, real sportsmen and patriotic citizens will have to demand prompt action by the government.

An ancient coffin, made of cast iron, was found a short time ago in the swamps of Louisiana.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR A

DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.
Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro.
Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.
Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.
Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.
Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.
1st Monday in March—13 days—Com'th. and Civil.
1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.
1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
3d Monday in September—13 days—Civil.
4th Monday in November—13 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.
Meets first Monday in each month.
Judge—Mack Cook.
County Atty.—A. D. Kirk.
Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.
Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher.
Superintendent—E. S. Howard.
Jailer—Worth Tichenor.
Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward.
Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.
Coroner—E. P. Rodgers.

FISCAL COURT.
Meets first Tuesday in April and October.
1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 3.
2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam.
3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons.
4th District—G. W. Rowe, Centertown.
5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Bales-town.
6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.
7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville.
8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 5.

HARTFORD.
Mayor—J. E. Bean.
Clerk—J. A. Howard.
Police Judge—C. M. Crowe.
Marshal—E. P. Casebeer.

ROCKPORT.
Chm'n. Board—W. G. Iler.
Clerk—N. H. Bratcher.
Police Judge—S. L. Fulkerson.
Marshal—Ed. J. Bratcher.

BEAVER DAM.
Chm'n. Board—W. T. McKenney.
Clerk—R. W. King.
Police Judge—J. W. Cooper.
Marshal—R. F. Stevens.

FORDSVILLE.
Chm'n. Board—W. R. Jones.
Clerk—Olla Cobb.
Police Judge—C. P. Kessinger.
Marshal—Grant Pollard.

OFFICIAL SCHOOL CALENDAR FOR PRESENT YEAR

County Board of Education—E. S. Howard, S. S. O. C.
Div. No. 1—R. A. Owen, Hartford, Route 6.
Div. No. 2—H. C. Lake, Fordsville.
Div. No. 3—Claud Renfrow, Dundee.
Div. No. 4—Robt. Goff, Rosine.
Div. No. 5—Otis Stevens, Beaver Dam.
Div. No. 6—Nat Lindley, Centertown.

County Board of Examiners: E. S. Howard, Mrs. Birdie Midkiff and Ira Jones.
Teachers Institute, Sept. 13th—17th.

EXAMINATIONS

Common School Diploma May 14 and 15 at Hartford, Beaver Dam and Fordsville.
May 21 and 22—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).
May 28 and 29—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).
June 18 and 19—County and State Teachers' Examination at Fordsville, (White).
June 25 and 26—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).
Sept. 17 and 18—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).
Sept. 24 and 25—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

Every Woman Wants
Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Electric Bitters
Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, at thousands have testified.
FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE
It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Rosy Cheeks & Satin Skin

Because of her rosy cheeks and satin skin a woman attracts the admiration of all men. When the young woman peers in her glass, she may see pimples and blotches and she immediately goes



to the drug store for paint, powders and beauty creams, when she should go there for a blood medicine and stomach alternative known as "Golden Medical Discovery." This vegetable tonic and blood alternative clears the skin, beautifies it, increases the blood supply and the circulation, while pimples, boils and eruptions vanish quickly. Ask your nearest druggist for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in tablet or liquid form or send 10c. for trial package of tablets to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y.

Mother's use Frey's Vermifuge
For the Children
A Safe Old Fashioned Remedy for Worms
Seventy-five years continuous use is the best testimonial FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you. Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones healthy and happy. 30c. a bottle at your druggist's or general store; or if your dealer can't supply you, send his name and 30c. in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY
A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION
FOR ONE MONTH
A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.
LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS O.
OHIO MEDICAL CO.

USE LIV-VER-LAX
For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant **Liv-Ver-Lax** keeps you on your feet, while relieving your troubles. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before **Liv-Ver-Lax** will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by E. M. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Md.

WAGON WORKS BUYS STUDEBAKER CONCERN

Line of South Bend Plant Acquired By Ky. Company; Output To Be 60,000

(Louisville Herald.)

The Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Company has acquired the entire wagon business of the Studebaker Corporation, of South Bend, Ind., and in the future will produce Studebaker wagons at its plant in Louisville, it was announced yesterday.

Completion of the deal will practically double the wagon output of the Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Company, the acquisition of the Studebaker line giving the Louisville company an annual output of 60,000 wagons.

The wagon company's manufacturing facilities have been materially increased to take care of the enlarged volume of business, which is expected to result in the firm adding to its number of employees in the near future, according to officials.

Get Finished Products.

The deal for the Studebaker interests includes all finished product on hand and in course of construction, together with patterns, blue prints and good will of the Studebaker Corporation.

The Studebaker company is one of the oldest and largest manufacturers of wagons in the United States, having been considered specialists in the construction of high-grade horse-drawn vehicles since 1852. All orders for wagons and parts and all correspondence pertaining to the sale of Studebaker model wagons now will be handled thru the Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Company's office at Louisville. Some of the former members of the Studebaker sales and factory organization will be associated with the Kentucky Wagon Company.

The Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Company has been engaged in the manufacture of wagons since 1878, its products including Old Hickory and Tennessee wagons. In recent years the company also has been engaged in the production of motor trucks and automobiles. Its plant and grounds in Louisville embrace forty-nine acres.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

WHITE HOUSE WILL BE MADE SOCIAL CENTER

By David M. Church.

Washington, Jan. 8.—It looks like a bad four years for the "royalty" at the White House.

Regal-mannered servants and flunkies who have lorded it to their supreme delight for many years at the White House are likely to find it necessary to drop their royal mien when President-elect Harding takes up his abode in the Pennsylvania avenue mansion.

Next to an outcast duke a White House servant is quite the most regal person in the United States.

The Hardings are about as democratic people as there are in the United States.

Either the Hardings or the White House "royalty" must change their ways and the odds are in favor of the Hardings remaining democratic. The White House gates are going to be open for the next four years—Mrs. Harding promises it.

The White House is going to be a social center again and the Hardings are going to entertain their friends. The stately old mansion is going to have new visitors in the next administration.

Harry M. Daugherty will probably become one of the most frequent visitors, and he is not likely to tolerate the royal deference of the White House servants which has been paid Colonel House and Bernard Baruch. Instead Daugherty, who is a Columbus, Ohio, lawyer of bluff good-natured manners, will stalk into the White House with as little ceremony as he has stalked into the Marion home of the Hardings for the last twenty years. Daugherty will probably be a Cabinet member, but this won't change his manner of unassuming good nature.

If Harry Daugherty is a frequent White House visitor it is a safe bet that Jess W. Smith, of Washington Courthouse, Ohio, will also be a frequent visitor at the Presidential mansion. Wherever Daugherty is there is Smith, and Jess is already pretty close to the President-elect and considered a part of the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Beale McLean, social leaders of Washington, are close friends of the Hardings and they will be frequent guests at the White House. Mrs. McLean, who is a motion picture fan, and who has reels and reels of pictures of the President-elect, will probably take over the management of the White House motion picture shows.

The President usually has a physician from the army or navy medical corps. Dr. C. E. Sawyer is the Hard-

ing family physician, adviser and friend. He is over 60 and probably couldn't be made an admiral or a major general, but Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer are certain to spend a good bit of their time about the White House.

Senator Lodge and some other Republican leaders will probably be frequent visitors at the White House for business reasons, but the Senators who will slide into the White House in the evening on pleasure bent will probably be Senator Fred Hale, of Maine; Senator Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, and Senator Davis Elkins, of West Virginia. These men have long been playmates of the President elect and they know how to make a bridge game interesting for either Senator or Mrs. Harding. The chances are ten to one that most of their evening calls at the White House will be sans evening clothes, too, for they are as ardent advocates of informality as the President-elect.

Necessity may make the White House under the Hardings a social center. The habits of the Hardings will make the White House a home, a typical American home without form, pomp and ceremony.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh-Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative power of Hall's Catarrh-Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

300,000 MILES IS GOAL OF CHAMPION HIKER

Atlanta, Jan. 8.—E. F. Lamberth, who is trying to walk 300,000 miles in twenty-four years, and who has already trod 262,987, with a mere matter of 37,103 to go, according to his statement, reached Atlanta with a ferocious looking pair of shears stuck in his bootleg, after the predilection of the bad men of the West of old. He admits the shears are pacific.

"Merely to cut out newspaper clippings of myself," he explained.

According to his statement, which is borne out by a big book of clippings and letters he bears, he started out walking on January 1, 1897, and, had he kept walking continuously, would have completed his journey next week. Grim-visaged war interfered, though, and he had to stop a while, during which time he aided in conquering the ferocious don of Spain and again he had to pause in his perambulation to help send Germany to smash.

He deducts this time, patriotically spent, from his walking schedule, which he will finish on July 11, 1924, if the work of the peace conference amounts to anything.

Lamberth strikes a town and gets public officials to certify he's been there. He has covered all the states of the union and most of the provinces of Canada. This year he plans to trudge thru Britain, over the bloodsoaked fields of France, see the sights of Bolshevik Russia, try spaghetti in Italy, and as the years go by to tour India, Asia Minor, the Antipodes and any other place that strikes his fancy.

He came from Alabama originally and he came into Atlanta from Alabama, doing the 109 miles from Opelika in thirty-two hours and thirty-five minutes of straight walking.

Lamberth carries a pack and a large amount of conversation. He plans to trudge into Florida unless stopped by Governor Catts and his celebrated shotgun.

No Great Act Of Heroism Required

If some great act of heroism was necessary to protect a child from croup, no mother would hesitate to protect her offspring, but when it is only necessary to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and give it as soon as the first indication of croup appears, there are many who neglect it. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is within the reach of all and is prompt and effectual.

OBREGON TO RELEASE SOLDIERS IN PRISON

Mexico City, Mex., Jan. 8.—A movement, credited to President Alvaro Obregon, is under way for the liberation of soldiers in the military prison whose offenses were not serious. This would mean the return to productive civil life of hundreds of men who were sentenced by military courts.

Gen. Benjamin G. Hill recently made an inspection of the prison and reported in favor of pardoning many of the military convicts. Many of the prisoners were sentenced for acts which, in civil life, would be trifles.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

SCIENTISTS DISCUSS "SEARCH FOR SOUL"

London, Jan. 8.—In a recent article in a leading London newspaper, a leading English critic discusses the new and startling book by Dr. Bernard Hollander, "In Search of the Soul." The discussion follows:

The Soul of man is the supreme mystery of life. Prehistoric man imagined that in his dreams something left his body which returned to it before he awoke.

For the ancient Egyptians the present life was scarcely more than a preparation for the existence beyond the grave, when the soul should at last be freed from the yoke of matter. In the Jewish religion God awarded the good and punished the wicked. The soul left the body at death to pass to the dark underworld of the souls of the dead—Sheol.

In the Vedanta of the Hindus the soul was a particle of an all-prevailing principle the Universal Intellect or Soul of the World. Among the prehistoric religions the followers of Zoroaster, or Zarathustra, had the following legend or belief:

"The good soul remains three nights, seated by the head of the dead man; on the morning of the fourth day it seems to be a place of fairest plants and scents, inhaling sweets scented wind; there comes to it a maiden of exceeding great beauty, which is the man's conscience. Then the soul takes its way first to the Good-thought paradise then to the Good-word paradise and finally to endless light. The fate of the evil soul is the reverse, ending in eternal darkness."

Beyond Knowledge.

Dr. Bernard Hollander surveys the old religions in his remarkable work, "In Search of the Soul." He covers the philosophies of the world, and treats of philosophical speculations and scientific researches from ancient times to the present day.

His conclusion is that the soul and its flight are still beyond definite human knowledge and only to be conceived by faith.

"Science has made wonderful progress," he says, "but the problems of the First Cause, of the nature of the soul of the possibility of life after death the nature of the forces which are beyond our control, are still where they were in prehistoric times. Science has never touched the physical; it is bound to be material—to be limited to phenomena which can be verified by the senses."

Will the time ever come when the nature of the soul is realized? Distinguished spiritualists, like Sir Oliver Lodge, claim that it has come and that across the abyss beyond life man carries the semblance of his corporeal body and his living soul. Others of his school claim to be in converse with disembodied spirits.

Dr. Bernard Hollander half suggests that the soul is lodged in the brain since he alludes to the brain as the organ of psychic activities, and Psyche is the soul.

Problem of the Brain.

Of the brain itself, he says that the scientists know but little. "Notwithstanding some twenty-five centuries of philosophic speculation and more than two centuries of scientific research, we are still in ignorance of the nature of mind of the varieties of mental activities and the laws which govern them."

"One of the reasons for the lack of progress is that most psychologists until quite recently concerned themselves almost exclusively with consciousness and the ideals and understanding of man, studying 'thought' for its own sake, whereas the science of mind also embraces strivings and desires, feeling and action, i. e., character and conduct."

All these attributes are of the soul. It may be possible that when Dr. Hollander and his colleagues realize what the brain is, a clue will be given to the hiding place of the soul.

Don't Forget It.

Bear in mind that Chamberlain's Tablets not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. They contain no poison no other digestive ferment but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. m

U. S. SPENDS HUGE SUM FOR EDUCATION

Chicago, Jan. 8.—The United States makes up only one-seventeenth of the world, but spends as much on education as the rest of the world combined, according to United States Commissioner of Education P. P. Claxton, addressing a meeting of educators here.

He also showed by figures that interest in education is advancing by leaps and bounds. He gave the figures as follows:

"In 1870, fifty years ago, \$63,000,000 was spent in this country on elementary and secondary education; in 1920 we spent \$1,015,000,000. In 1870 we spent \$201,000 for the preparation of teachers; in this year we spent \$27,000,000. Fifty years ago we

spent \$5,000,000 on higher education; this year we are spending \$180,000,000. It shows the high intelligence of the nation at large and the splendid support education is receiving."

CAVE IS SUPPLIED WITH NATURAL HEAT

Bend, Ore., Jan. 8.—A naturally heated cave has been discovered at Horse Butte here, which apparently draws its warmth from a subterranean volcanic source. The discovery was made by C. A. Yarnell and H. D. Elde, local fuel dealers. The cave is located near the top of the Butte and first attracted attention when a wave of heat was felt issuing from the mouth.

The cinder bottom and rock walls of the tunnel are unbearably hot to the touch, the heat increasing as far back as could be explored. That the phenomenon is a recent manifestation was indicated by the smouldering of grass and twigs near the opening.

To test the natural oven Mr. Yarnell cooked a light breakfast by introducing raw articles of food into the aperture and closing the orifice for a few moments.

KENTUCKY FARMERS DISCUSS THE RAILWAYS

Farmers in Union County, Ky., were interviewed recently by a representative of the Illinois Central System, who is charged with finding out the attitude exhibited by farmers towards the railways, especially the Illinois Central. The interviewer's report, published in the January number of the Illinois Central Magazine, which is just off the press, declares the farmers were uniformly friendly towards the railway.

The reporter's visit also was for the purpose of discovering what features of railways service farmers especially like or dislike. A large number of the agriculturists with whom railway questions were discussed praised the brand of courtesy exhibited by trainmen and local agents with whom they come in contact, expressed their pleasure at the co-operation received from the railway system in handling their shipments, commended the plan inaugurated by the Illinois Central for getting in personal touch with patrons of the road and approved of service generally, according to the reporter. Some had complaints to make. One farmer suggested the adoption of a policy of allowing farmers access to the right of way in draining their farms. Another thought right of way woven wire fencing should be of wider material to make the fencing hog proof. Others thought

agents should be allowed greater discretion in dealing with individual problems. One suggested more adequate accommodations for passengers at flag stations.

Among the quotations cited by the interviewer in the report were: W. B. Threlkeld, Uniontown: "There is a change in farm railway relationships which I can see very plainly. The railways are making an effort to serve their farm patrons and we farmers feel more generously inclined towards the railways."

E. H. Long, Sturgis: "I think the railroads are more imposed on than any corporation in the country."

B. J. Mattingly, Waverly: "I treat the railroad right, and I find the railroad always treats me right."

H. L. Culley, Sturgis: "You put down for me that we farmers are darned glad to see the railroads back

under private control."

Among the other farmers whose expressions are quoted are: Phil Richards, T. B. Young, Jr., Morganfield; R. W. Young, Morganfield; A. R. Long, DeKoven; J. H. Bingham, Henshaw; James Riddle, Sturgis; Louis Hancock, Dixon; H. D. Allen, Morganfield; W. T. Harris, Morganfield; B. L. Conway, Morganfield; J. J. Martin, Sturgis; S. T. Elder, Uniontown; B. C. Davidson, Uniontown; S. A. Clements, Uniontown; G. P. Offutt, Morganfield, C. T. Newman, Morganfield and George Davis, Sturgis.

The Kentucky visit was the fourth in a series conducted by the Illinois Central in the interest of better farm-railway relations. Other visits were in Cherokee County, Iowa; Campaign County, Illinois, and Grenda County, Mississippi.

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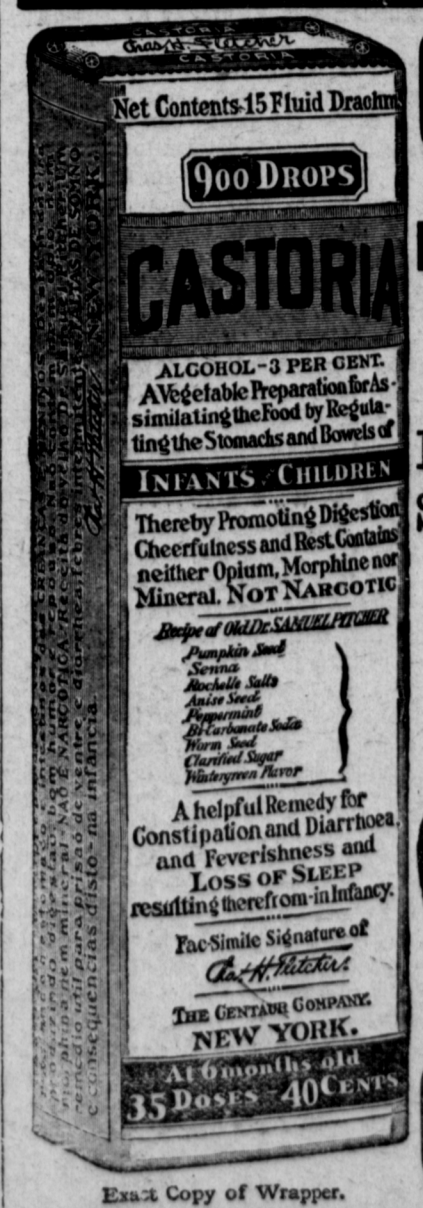
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Our Great Removal Sale

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When you consider that our entire stock is being sold at close-out prices you can appreciate the real buying opportunity that's within your reach.

The Time is Short; Friday, Feb. 5, We Close Our Doors

No time should be lost; step lively, or you may miss some very important things to you. Everything is going. Saturday, February 5th, all will be gone.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,

BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY.

SHERIFF'S SALE

For State, County, School and State Road Tax for 1920.

Notice is hereby given that I, or one of my deputies, will on Monday, February 7th, 1921, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 2 o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio county, Kentucky, expose to public sale for cash in hand, the following described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay State, county, and school tax, due thereon and unpaid, and the interest, penalty and costs thereon:

No. 1—East Hartford.
By whom listed No. acres amt. tax
Gaddis, Munt, 20 a \$ 10.75
Gaddis, Oscar, 25 a 13.94
Hines, Virginia, 40 a 2.74
Moseley, Mrs. Della (decd) 126 acres 40.18
Sheriff, J. R., 75 a 12.38
Tyro, R. E., 1 town lot 4.36
Beda—No. 3.
Funk, T. E., 35 a 6.60
Hoover, C. C., 50 a 16.19
Shawn, H. B., 35 a 21.48
Sapp, J. H., 16 a 5.76
Sulphur Springs—No. 4.
Arnold, Frank, 28 a 10.90
Chappell, J. D., 40 a 14.34
Hinton, Willie, 123 a 25.95
Kessinger, Mrs. Amanda, 10 a 3.79
Lewis, M. C., 16 a 8.76
Wright, J. W., 88 a 18.54
Wright, James, 124 a 18.50
Whobrey, Mrs. Mary E., 114 a 29.12
Magan—No. 5.
Babbitt, J. W., 27 a 10.98
Brown, Rebecca, 95 a 14.91
Brown, Mrs. Myrtle, 111 a 15.13
Clark, J. R., 20 a 10.94
Evans, C. D., 74 acres 20.07
Neighbors, Phillips P., 1 a 5.28
Powers, E. R., 50 a 11.23
Sutton, Mrs. M. E., 45 a 4.83
Cromwell—No. 6.
Hudson, Everett, 60 a 16.42
Johnson, W. C., 2 a 5.08
Westerfield, A. J., 75 a 11.52
Cool Springs—No. 7.
Raymer, G. H., 90 a 14.32
Taylor, R. W., 177 a 47.56
N. Rockport—No. 8.
Dawson, Jerry, 1 town lot 8.54
English, Mont, 1 town lot 7.15
Fulkerson, A. L., 1 town lot 11.02
Tilford, Fred, 1 town lot 9.42
S. Rockport—No. 9.
Bullock, Charlie, 1 town lot 5.08
Chinn, Mrs. Guy, 20 a 5.18
Graves, Will, 100 a 22.52
Heck, Ed, 5 a 12.17
Her, Mrs. R. P., 1 town lot 6.78
Maddox, Mrs. Cindrella, 22 a 10.07

Smith, Hardin, 82 a 9.65
Tilford, Owen, 1 town lot 6.70
Taylor, Oscar, 4 a 9.39
Zachary, Jno., 5 a 15.32
Select—No. 10.
Butler, A. F., 150 a 32.90
Daugherty, J. C., 41 a 7.50
Flener, Mrs. Florence, 25 a 3.78
Havens, H. D., 9 a 4.36
James, Ernest, 22 a 6.45
Horse Branch—No. 11.
Arnold, Ira, 61 a 16.40
Cooper, G. W., 49 a 13.72
Oiler, Clarence, 53 a 10.58
Underhill, Wm., 69 a 15.17
Wilson, Tom, 25 a 13.41
Rosine—No. 12.
Brown, T. H., 30 a 7.84
Carter, A. C., 5 a 5.69
Daugherty, Hobart, 40 a 9.23
Frizzell, Labe H., 80 a 17.25
Goodwine, J. H., 26 a 5.05
Schroeder, Mrs. Vitula, 10 a 1.68
Stewart, Miss Sarah, 130 a 14.01
Taylor, W. C., 100 a 26.43
Taylor, Truman, 40 a 9.65
E. Beaver Dam—No. 13.
Swain, Mrs. Bettie, 1 town lot 5.81
W. Beaver Dam—No. 14.
Hudson, M. D., 3 town lots 25.15
Kelly, Ed. F., 1 town lot 6.90
Robinson, J. J., 1 town lot 12.36
McHenry—No. 15.
Dockery, H. C., 40 a 8.83
Likens, Mary C., 18 a 3.07
Roark, Clarence & Bro 1 town lot 10.01
Young, J. B., 85 a 29.93
Centertown—No. 16.
Combs, G. W., 6 acres 4.95
Goodall, T. W., 6 a 4.03
Smallhous No. 17.
Balton, Herman L., 6 1/2 a 6.10
E. Fordsville, No. 18.
Allgood, J. D., 60 a 13.38
Ferry, Nelson, 1 town lot 5.41
Hart, H. P., 2 town lots 14.04
Harris, A. J., 53 a 8.05
W. Fordsville, No. 19.
Bickett, Nat, 64 17.11
Evans, T. A., 70 a 16.88
Mason, J. H. (decd.) 1 town lot 2.92
Pierce, W. R., 1 town lot 7.21
Roberts, Mrs. Frank, 100 a and 1 town lot 20.94
Aetnaville, No. 20.
Collier, Monroe, 60 a 10.63
Pryor, Jno. A., 50 a 10.63
Shreve No. 21.
Basham, Payton, 63 a 9.44
Key, D. S., 30 a 11.38
Rowan, L. O., 72 a 14.11
Olaton—No. 22.
Daniel, Mrs. C. C., 200 a 30.56
Miller, Mrs. Mary Z., 50 a 11.45
Payton, Lida, B. 48 a 5.18
Buford—No. 23.
Dawson, L. J., 100 a 24.20

French, Mrs. Olivia 43 a 5.18
Hines, A. G., 48 1/2 a 30.27
Mayfield, Jas., 61 a 16.64
Miller, L. R., 50 a 10.63
Bartlett—No. 24.
Bales, Mrs. Ida, 60 a 21.25
Hoelmer, Mrs. Mary E. (decd.) 50 a 9.69
Keown, Mrs. Jno. W., (Ivy) 80 acres 7.44
Smith, O. D., 1 town lot 5.76
Smith, E. K., 64 a 19.46
Ward, Mrs. Mollie, 35 a 7.27
Heflin—No. 25.
Crowe, M. W., 73 a 24.20
Higgs, W. A., 103 a 64.16
Jarnagin, Mrs. Elizabeth, 40 a 5.18
Riggs, Mrs. Mary, 209 a 24.78
Taylor, J. E., 108 a 15.35
Tucker, Rowan, 50 a 18.49
Ceralvo—No. 26.
Landrum, S. L., 73 a 28.78
Narrows—No. 28.
Gentry, Ben, 81 a 17.13
Willett, J. E., 122 a 18.87
Ralph—No. 29.
Coleman, E. M., 75 a 23.15
Farmer, Mrs. Nancy, 70 a 6.12
Midkiff, Clarence, 16 a 5.08
Morgan, Mrs. Sarah, 15 a 5.87
Royal, J. H., 3.9 a 4.65
Herbert—No. 31.
Haynes, Jno. H., 130 a 17.21
Hoskins, Henry, 40 a 7.17
Arnold—No. 32.
Hill, Bill, 30 a 2.84
Renfrow, Jas., 50 a 7.30
Taylor, G. D., 14 a 6.58
Render—No. 33.
Ponter, Alvin, 1 town lot 6.68
Simmons—No. 34.
Mrs. A. James, 1 town lot 5.87
Miller, J. L., 41 acres 13.41
Smith, J. S., 2 a 9.24
Additional—No. 35.
Burden F., No. 6, 30 a 7.26
Ky. Oil Refining Co., M. J. Copeland, Agt. No. 1, 159 1/4 a lease 279.29
Ford, Jas W., No. 19, 1 T. lot 22.14
Guenther, Mary, No. 20, 150 acres 13.30
Joslyn & Perry, No. 16, 2 town lots 1.95
Karnes, R., No. 25, 69 1/2 a 30.20
Smith, E. P., Col., No. 24, 27 acres 3.77
Non-Resident.
Chappell, Mrs. Laura P., No. 4, 41 1/2 a 20.05
Crowe, Harlan, No. 32, 39 acres 5.13
Duke, Wm. V., No. 12, 90 acres 14.91
Duke, D. B., No. 12, 15 a 2.38
Davis, Joshua, No. 1, 195 a 14.91
Embry, Lawson, No. 11, 1 town lot 5.18
Embry, Mrs. Ada, No. 6, 122

acres 23.82
Evans, Wm., heirs, No. 32, 10 a 2.39
Fogle, Alva, No. 34, 1 T. lot 7.26
Ferguson, Mrs. Maggie, No. 11, 1 town lot 1.74
Head, B. J. & Markberry H., No. 2, 270 1/2 a 135.22
Howard, E. L., Mrs., No. 26, 50 acres 9.65
Johnson, Mrs. Sarah E., No. 18, 84 a 8.10
Lindsay, Mrs. Idell, No. 10, 50 a 5.13
Moorman, Winnie, (Col.) No. 1, 1 town lot 7.37
Maden, Garfield No. 32, 50a 5.87
Raymond, Marshall W., No. 18, 100a 12.12
Ross, Richard, No. 2, 1 town lot 1.19
Tichenor, C. H., No. 23, 65 acres 23.65
Thomas, Emser, & Rachall Mitchell, (col.) No. 23, 20 acres 5.17
Taylor, H. E., No. 13, 70 a 39.84
Williams, A. C., No. 32, 100 acres 10.17
Wallace, S. F., and wife, No. 3, 105 a 2.47
Withrow, Jno. T., No. 17, 60 a 12.82
Colored.
Carson, Render, No. 13, 1 a 4.11
Chinn, Horace, No. 13, 1 town lot 7.55
Collins, A. T., No. 1, 1 T. lot 3.97
Ford, Gus, No. 1, 1 town lot 1.40
Haynes, Jno. W., No. 24, 10 a 10.73
Nall, Mrs. Bell, No. 2, 1 town lot 1.43
Phelps, Reuben, No. 13, 1 a 8.54
Thomas, A. E., No. 13, 1 town lot 4.36
S. A. BRATCHER,
Sheriff Ohio County.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
All persons having claims against the estate of J. B. Swain, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same to me, properly proven on or before March 1, 1921 or they will be forever barred.
All persons indebted to J. B. Swain and C. M. Swain, formally doing business as blacksmiths at Centertown, Ky., under the firm name of Swain & Swain, either by note or account, are requested to call and pay said indebtedness at once, for the purpose of settling said partnership business.
This January 10, 1921.
U. S. CARSON,
Admr. of J. B. Swain, deceased.
Hartford, Ky. 2913

CLEAR RUN.
A little four year old girl of Mr. and Mrs. George Smith, of the Washington country, fell into the fire Monday afternoon, while her mother was out helping unload some corn, and was so badly burned that she died the next day. The mother, on her return, in trying to tear the burning clothes off her child, was also badly burned about the hands and arms.
A great many folks from here attended the burial of Jesse Crowe, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Crowe, at Adamburg Monday.
Messrs. Wilburn Hoover and Earl Thomason returned yesterday, from Owensboro.
The farmers are not rushing their tobacco to market this year, not from Clear Run, however.
Rev. —DeHart, of Beaver Dam, filled the pulpit at Clear Run Baptist Church Sunday, the pastor being unable to attend.
Miss Nora Lee Hoover of Owensboro, is the guest of her parents, C. C. Hoover and wife.
Monroe Smith has a very sore foot, eczema, but has about recovered.
CARD OF THANKS.
We wish to express our sincere gratitude and thanks to all of our friends who so kindly rendered assistance in the late illness and death of our beloved wife and mother.
STEPHEN DANIEL and CHILDREN.
HEFLIN.
Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Russell visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dave Havenor's Sunday.
The party given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ansel Patton's Saturday night, was largely attended and enjoyed by all present.
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fulkerson, of Owensboro, Mr. and Mrs. Ervin Thomason, of Centertown, visited Mr. and Mrs. Joe Thomason from Wednesday until Friday.
Mr. and Mrs. Sam Taylor, of East View, visited Mr. and Mrs. Hurshell Chinn Thursday and Friday.
Mr. Theodore Maple, of near Hartford, visited his uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Ansel Patton Saturday and Sunday.
Miss Sallie Patton is visiting friends at Utica this week.
Mrs. E. Russell and Mrs. Paul Russell visited Mrs. Ethel Johnson Monday.
Miss Marilissa Foster is visiting friends in Hartford this week.
Louise, the little daughter of Mr.

and Mrs. Hipsley Riggs, who has been sick for several weeks is slowly improving.
Master Clarence Barnard Ross, of Smallhous, is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Easterday, this week.
Mr. Dotson Howard visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andy Baird, Saturday night and Sunday.
ROSINE.
Mr. Wayne Byers visited his aunt, and uncle, John E. Williams and wife, this week.
Mr. George Edwards' body arrived here Tuesday night from Evansville, Ind., where he was shot and killed by a woman named May Polles. His brother and mother, Mrs. Charlie Edwards, had charge of the body, and the remains will be laid to rest in the Midkiff burying grounds, near Mount Vernon. Edwards has a wife and five children living in and near Rosine.
The post office here was broken into Monday night, money had been missed for some time, and the watch began. Soon the trap that was set by the robbers was found and about nine o'clock they fell into their own trap, the result was that one was landed in Hartford Tuesday. People will certainly reap what they sow.
DENTAL NOTICE.
Now is the time to have your Dental work attended to. Winter is coming with rain and snow which makes old teeth ache and abscess. Abscessed Teeth or "Gum Boils" are dangerous. You are continually swallowing this deadly poisoned pus. Each mouthful of food carries this infection into the stomach. It lowers vitality which invites cancer of the mouth, throat and stomach, Diphtheria, Tuberculosis, Pneumonia, Influenza, Typhoid, Brights Disease, Rheumatism, Anemia and even death frequently results from continually swallowing pus.
A mouth containing decayed teeth is a poisonous laboratory, which sends a host of bacteria into the elementary tract. They multiply rapidly thus gain access to the lymphatic system and are carried to the distant organs. Soft spongy and bleeding gums give warning of approaching abscesses.
Lady Attendant.
Yours respectfully,
DR. CHARLES R. LAYTON,
Bank Bldg. Rockport, Ky.
Office opens 8:30 a. m., closes 4 p. m., promptly.